1. The experimental proof for semiconservative replication of Stomatal movement is not affected by DNA was first shown in a-1. Temperature 1. Fungus 2. Light 2. Bacterium 3. O<sub>2</sub> concentration 3. Plant 4. CO<sub>2</sub> concentration 4. Virus 9. 2. The stage during which separation of the paired homologous Select the *correct* statement: chromosomes begins is 1. Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". 1. Pachytene 2. Punnett square was developed by a British scientist. 2. Diplotene 3. Spliceosomes take part in translation. 3. Diakinesis 4. Transduction was discovered by S. Altman. 4. Zygotene Offsets are produced by The two functional groups characteristic of sugars are 1. Hydroxyl and methyl 1. Meiotic divisions 2. Carbonyl and methyl 2. Mitotic divisions 3. Carbonyl and phosphate 3. Parthenocarpy 4. Carbonyl and hydroxyl 4. Parthenogenesis Which of the following is *not* a product of light reaction of Which of the following pairs in wrongly matched? photosynthesis? 1. ATP 1. Starch synthesis in pea: Multiple alleles 2. NADH 2. ABO blood grouping: Co-dominance 3. NADPH 3. XO type sex determination: Grasshopper 4. Oxygen 4. T.H Morgan: Linkage Which of the following flowers only once in its life-time? 12. 1. Bamboo species Stomata in grass leaf are 2. Jackfruit 1. Dumb-bell shaped 3. Mango 2. Kidney shaped 4. Papaya 3. Rectangular 4. Barrel shaped 6. Select the *correct* match: 13. 1. Alec Jeffreys – Streptococcus pneumoniae Which among the following is not a prokaryote? 2. Alfred Hershey and Martha Chase - TMV 3. Matthew Meselson and F. Stahl – Pisum sativum 1. Saccharomyces 2. Mycobacterium 4. Francois Jacob and Jacques Monod – Lac operon 3. Nostoc 4. Oscillatoria 7. 14. Which of the following has proved helpful in preserving Which of the following is true for nucleolus? pollens as fossils? 1. Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells. 1. Pollenkit

2. Cellulosic intine

3. Oil content

4. Sporopollenin

2. It is a membrane-bound structure.

3. It takes part in spindle formation.

4. It is a site for active ribosomal RNA synthesis.

The Golgi complex participates in

- 1. Fatty acid breakdown
- 2. Formation of secretory vesicles
- 3. Respiration in bacteria
- 4. Activation of amino acid

16.

catalyst in degradation of ozone a release of molecular oxygen?

- 1. Carbon
- 2. Cl
- 3. Fe
- 4. Oxygen

17.

Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?

- 1. CO
- 2. CO<sub>2</sub>
- 3. SO<sub>2</sub>
- 4.  $O_3$

18.

Niche is

- 1. All the biological factors in the organism environment
- 2. The physical space where an organism live
- 3. The range of temperature that the organism needs to
- 4. The functional role played by the organism where it lives

19.

Natality refers to

- 1. Death rate
- 2. Birth rate
- 3. Number of individuals leaving the habitat
- 4. Number of individuals entering the habitat

21.

World Ozone Day is celebrated on

- 1. 5th June
- 2. 21st April
- 3. 16th September
- 4. 22nd April

22.

Which of the following is commonly used as a vector for In stratosphere, which of the following element acts as aintroducing a DNA fragment in human Lymphocytes?

- 1. Retrovirus
- 2. Ti plasmid
- 3.  $\lambda$  phage
- 4. pBR 322

In India, the organization responsible for assessing the safety of introducing genetically modified Organisms for public use is

- 1. Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)
- 2. Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR)
- 3. Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM)
- 4. Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC)

A 'new variety of rice was patented by a foreign company though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to

- 1. Co-667
- 2. Sharbati Sonora
- 3. Lerma Rojo
- 4. Basmati

25.

Select the *correct* Match:

- 1. Ribozyme Nucleic acid
- 2. F2 × Recessive parent Dihybrid cross
- 3. T.H. Morgan Transduction
- 4. G. Mendel Transformation

20.

What type of ecological pyramid would obtained with the 26.

following data?

Secondary consumer: 120 g Primary consumer: 60 g Primary producer: 10 g

- 1. Inverted pyramid of biomass
- 2. Pyramid of energy
- 3. Upright pyramid of numbers
- 4. Upright pyramid of biomass

Use of bioresources by multinational companies and organizations without authorization from the

Concerned country and its people is called

- 1. Bio-infringement
- 2. Biopiracy
- 3. Biodegradation
- 4. Bioexploitation

The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is  1. Extension, Denaturation, Annealing 2. Appealing, Extension, Denaturation	<ul><li>33.</li><li>Casparian strips oc</li><li>1. Epidermis</li><li>2. Pericycle</li><li>3. Cortex</li><li>4. Endodermis</li></ul>	cur in
28.  Secondary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are produced by  1. Apical meristems 2. Vascular cambium 3. Phellogen 4. Axillary meristems	<ul><li>34.</li><li>Plants having little</li><li>1. Grasses</li><li>2. Deciduous angio</li><li>3. Conifers</li><li>4. Cycads</li><li>35.</li></ul>	or no secondary growth are osperms
<ul><li>29.</li><li>Pneumatophores occur in</li><li>1. Halophytes</li><li>2. Free-floating hydrophytes</li><li>3. Carnivorous plants</li></ul>	Which one is wrongly matched?  1. Uniflagellate gametes - Polysiphonia 2. Biflagellate zoospores - Brown algae 3. Gemma cups - Marchantia 4. Unicellular organism - Chlorella	
<ul><li>30.</li><li>Sweet potato is a modified</li><li>1. Stem</li><li>2. Adventitious root</li><li>3. Tap root</li><li>4. Rhizome</li></ul>		given in Column I with those in Column correct option given below-  Column II  i. It is a place having a collection of preserved plants and animals.
<ul> <li>31.</li> <li>Which of the following statement is <i>correct?</i></li> <li>1. Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in gymnosperms</li> <li>2. Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous</li> <li>3. Horsetails are gymnosperms</li> </ul>		<ul><li>ii. A list that enumerates methodically all the species found in an area with brief description aiding identification.</li><li>iii. Is a place where dried and pressed</li></ul>
<ul> <li>4. Stems are usually unbranched in both Cycas and Cedrus</li> <li>32.</li> <li>Select the <i>wrong</i> statement: <ol> <li>Cell wall is present in members of Fungi and Plantae</li> <li>Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes</li> <li>Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in Sporozoans</li> <li>Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except monera</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	c. Museum d. Catalogue	plant specimens mounted on sheets is kept.  iv. A booklet containing a list of characters and their alternates which are helpful in identification of various
	<ol> <li>a-I b-iv c-iii d-</li> <li>a-iii b-ii c-I d-ii</li> <li>a-ii b-iv c-iii d-</li> <li>a-iii b-iv c-i d-</li> </ol>	iv -i

Winged pollen grains are present in

- 1 Mustard
- 2. Cycas
- 3. Mango
- 4. Pinus

38.

After karyogamy followed by meiosis, spores are produced45.

exogenously in

- 1. Neurospora
- 2. Alternaria
- 3. Agaricus
- 4. Saccharomyces

What is the role of NAD<sup>+</sup> in cellular respiration?

- 1. It functions as enzymes
- 2. It functions as an electron carrier
- 3. It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis
- 4. It is the final electron acceptor for anaerobic respiration

40.

Oxygen is *not* produced during photosynthesis by

- 1. Green sulphur bacteria
- 2. Nostoc
- 3. Cycas
- 4. Chara

41.

nitrogen having a temperature of

- 1. -120 °C
- 2. -80 °C
- 3. -196 °C
- 4. -160 °C

42.

In which of the following forms is iron absorbed by plants?

- 1. Ferric
- 2. Ferrous
- 3. Free element
- 4. Both ferric and ferrous

43.

Double fertilization is

- 1. Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube with two different eggs
- 2. Fusion of one male gamete with two polar nuclei
- 3. Fusion of two male gametes with one egg
- 4. Syngamy and triple fusion

Which of the following elements is responsible for maintaining turgor in cells?

- 1. Magnesium
- 2. Sodium
- 3. Potassium
- 4. Calcium

Which one of the following plants shows a very close relationship with a species of moth, where none of the two can complete its life cycle without the other?

- 1. Hydrilla
- 2. Yucca
- 3. Banana
- 4. Viola

46.

Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy

- 1. hCG, hPL, progesterone, prolactin
- 2. hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
- 3. hCG, hPL, progesterone, estrogens
- 4. hCG, progesterone, estrogens, glucocorticoids

47.

The contraceptive 'SAHELI'

- 1. blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing getting implanted.
- Pollen grains can be stored for several years in liquid<sup>2</sup>. increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
  - 3. is an lUD
  - 4. is a post-coital contraceptive.

The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation is

- 1. In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
- 2. In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.
- 3. In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from Sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
- 4. In spermiogenesis, spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from Sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.

The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from

- 1. ectoderm and mesoderm
- 2. endoderm and mesoderm
- 3. mesoderm and trophoblast
- 4. ectoderm and endoderm

50.

In a growing population of a country

- pre-reproductive individuals more thereproductive individuals.
- 2. reproductive individuals are less than the postreproductive individuals.
- 3. reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number.
- pre-reproductive individuals less than thereproductive individuals.

All of the following are included in 'Ex-situconservation' except

- 1. Wildlife safari parks
- 2. Sacred groves
- 3. Botanical Gardens
- 4. Seed banks

52.

- 1. Flowers
- 2. Latex
- 3. Roots
- 4. Leaves

53.

Match the items given in Column I with those inColumn II and select the correct option givenbelow:

Column II

i. UV-B radiation

ii. Deforestation

iv. Waste disposal

iii. Nutrient enrichment

Column I

a. Eutrophication

b. Sanitary landfill

c. Snow blindness

d. Jhum cultivation

1. a-ii b-i c-iii d-iv

2. a-i b-iii c-iv d-ii

3. a-iii b-iv c-i d-ii

4. a-i b-ii c-iv d-iii

54.

Which one of the following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of antibiotics?

- 1. Commensalism
- 2. Mutualism
- 3. Parasitism
- 4. Amensalism

55.

Which of the following events does not occur inrough endoplasmic reticulum?

- 1. Protein folding
- 2. Protein glycosylation
- 3. Cleavage of signal peptide
- 4. Phospholipid synthesis

56.

Which of these statements is incorrect?

- 1. Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.
- 2. Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.
- 3. Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.
- Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outermitochondrial membrane.

Many ribosomes may associate with a single mRNA to form Which part of poppy plant is used to obtain the drug Smack? multiple copies of a polypeptide simultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are termed as

- 1. Polysome
- 2. Polyhedral bodies
- 3. Plastidome
- 4. Nucleosome

58.

Select the incorrect match:

- 1. Lampbrush Diplotene bivalents chromosomes
- 2. Allosomes Sex chromosomes
- 3. Submetacentric L-shaped chromosomes
- 4. Polytene Oocytes of amphibians chromosomes

59.

Nissl bodies are mainly composed of

- 1. Proteins and lipids
- 2. DNA and RNA
- 3. Nucleic acids and SER
- 4. Free ribosomes and RER

Which of the following terms describe human dentition?

- 1. Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont
- 2. Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
- 3. Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont
- 4. Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont

61.

Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I

Column II

a. Glycosuria

i. Accumulation of uric acid

in joints

b. Gout ii. Mass of crystallized salts

within the kidney

c. Renal calculi iii. Inflammation in

glomeruli

d. Glomerulonephritis

iv. Presence of glucose in

nephritis urine

1. a-iii b-ii c-iv d-i

2. a-i b-ii c-iii d-iv

3. a-ii b-iii c-i d-iv

4. a-iv b-i c-ii d-iii

62.

Match the items given in Column I with those Column II and select the correct option givenbelow:

Column I Column II

(Function) (Part of Excretory

System)

a. Ultra filtration

i. Henle's loop

b. Concentration of urine

ii. Ureter

c. Transport of urine

iii. Urinary bladder

d. Storage of urine

iv. Malpighi an corpuscle

v. Proximal convoluted

tubule

1. a-iv b-v c-ii d-iii

2. a-iv b-i c-ii d-iii

3. a-v b-iv c-i d-ii

4. a-v b-iv c-i d-iii

63.

65.

1. Psoriasis

4. Vitiligo

2. Rheumatoid arthritis

3. Alzheimer's disease

Among the following sets of examples for divergent evolution, select the incorrect option:

Which of the following is not an autoimmune disease?

1. Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah

2. Heart of bat, man and cheetah

3. Brain of bat, man and cheetah

4. Eye of octopus, bat and man

66.

Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans?

a. Dominance

b. Co-dominance

c. Multiple dominance

d. Incomplete dominance

e. Polygenic inheritance

1. b, c and e

2. a, b and c

3. b, d and e

4. a, c and e

In which disease does mosquito transmitted pathogen cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels?

1. Elephantiasis

2. Ascariasis

3. Ringworm disease

4. Amoebiasis

Conversion of milk to curd improves its nutritional value by increasing the amount of

1. Vitamin D

2. Vitamin A

3. Vitamin B12

4. Vitamin E

Which of the following is an amino acid derived hormone?

1. Epinephrine

2. Ecdysone

3. Estradiol

The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs of many 4. Estriol

1. evolution

- 2. Analogy
- 3. Convergent evolution

vertebrates is an example of

4. Adaptive radiation

70. Which of the following structures or regions is incorrectly Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in 1. using flagella for locomotion paired with its function? Medulla oblongata: and 2. having a contractile vacuole for removing excesswater controls respiration 3. using pseudopodia for capturing prey cardiovascular reflexes. 2. Limbic system: consists of fibre tracts that interconnect4. having two types of nuclei different regions of brain; controls movement. 3. Hypothalamus: production of releasing hormones and regulation of temperature, hunger and Thirst. 4. Corpus callosum: band of fibers connecting left and rightWhich of the following features is used to identify male cerebral hemispheres. cockroach from a female cockroach? 71. 1. Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the 9th abdominal Which of the following hormones can play a significant role<sub>segment</sub> in osteoporosis? 2. Presence of caudal styles 1. Aldosterone and Prolactin 3. Forewings with darker tegmina 2. Progesterone and Aldosterone 4. Presence of anal cerci 3. Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone 4. Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin 72. The transparent lens in the human eye is held in its place by Which of the following options correctly represents the lung 1. ligaments attached to the ciliary body conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively? 2. ligaments attached to the iris 1. Inflammation of bronchioles; Decreased respiratory 3. smooth muscles attached to the iris surface 4. smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body 2. Increased number of bronchioles; Increased respiratory surface Increased respiratory Inflammation 3. surface: 73. bronchioles Which of the following animals does not undergo4. Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation metamorphosis? bronchioles 1. Earthworm 2. Tunicate 3. Moth 80. 4. Starfish Match the items given in Column I with those inColumn II and select the correct option givenbelow: Identify the vertebrate group of animals characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive system. Column I Column II 1. Amphibia a. Tricuspid valve i. Between left atrium and left 2. Reptilia ventricle 3. Aves b. Bicuspid valve ii. Between right ventricle and pulmonary artery 4. Osteichthyes c. Semilunar valve iii. Between right atrium and right ventricle 75. 1. a-iii b-i c-ii Which of the following organisms are known as chief producers in the oceans? 2. a-i b-iii c-ii 1. Dinoflagellates 3. a-i b-ii c-iii 2. Diatoms 3. Cyanobacteria 4. a-ii b-i c-iii

4. Euglenoids

Macropus
 Chelone
 Camelus
 Psittacula

Which one of these animals is not a homeotherm?

81. 86. Match the items given Column I with those in Column II and All of the following are part of an operon except:select the correct option given below: 1. an operator Column I Column II 2. structural genes a. Tidal volume i. 2500-3000 mL 3. an enhancer b. Inspiratory Reserve ii. 1100-1200 mL volume 4. a promoter c. Expiratory Reserve iii. 500-550 mL volume d. Residual volume iv. 1000-1100 mL 87. 1. a-iii b-ii c-i d-iv Which of the following gastric cells indirectly help in 2. a-iii b-i c-iv d-ii erythropoiesis? 3. a-i b-iv c-ii d-iii 1. Chief cells 4. a-iv b-iii c-ii d-i 2. Mucous cells 3. Goblet cells 4. Parietal cells AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding sequence of the transcribed mRNA? 1. AGGUAUCGCAU Match the items given in Column I with those in column II 2. UGGTUTCGCAT and select the correct option given below:-3. ACCUAUGCGAU Column II Column I 4. UCCAUAGCGUA a. Fibrinogen i. Osmotic balance b. Globulin ii. Blood clotting c. Albumin iii. Defence mechanism 83. 1. a-iii b-ii c-i According to Hugo de Vries, the mechanism of evolution is:-2. a-i b-ii c-iii 1. Multiple step mutations 3. a-i b-iii c-ii 2. Saltation 4. a-ii b-iii c-i 3. Phenotypic variations 4. Minor mutations 89. Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction because 84. 1. binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on **Question 174** actin for myosin. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II2. activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it. 3. detaches the myosin head from the actinfilament. and select the correct option given below:-Column II 4. prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross Column I i. Breakdown of endometrialbridges and the actin filament. a. Proliferative Phase lining b. Secretory Phase ii. Follicular Phase c. Menstruation iii. Luteal Phase 90. 1. a-iii b-ii c-i Which of the following is an occupational respiratory 2. a-i b-iii c-ii disorder? 3. a-ii b-iii c-i 1. Anthracis 4. a-iii b-i c-ii 2. Silicosis 3. Botulism 85. 4. Emphysema A woman has an X-linked condition on one of her X chromosomes. This chromosome can be inherited by:-1. Only daughters 2. Only sons

3. Only grandchildren4. Both sons and daughters

A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc.  $H_2 \, SO_4$  The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be

- 1.1.4
- 2.3.0
- 3. 2.8
- 4. 4.4

92.

Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because

- 1. In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position
- 2. In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive
- 3. In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position
- 4. In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion

93.

Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?

- 1. MgO
- 2. BeO
- 3. BaO
- 3. CaO

94.

The difference between amylose and amylopectin is

- 1. Amylopectin have 1  $\rightarrow$  4 $\alpha$  linkage and 1  $\rightarrow$  6 $\alpha$  linkage
- 2. Amylose have  $1 \rightarrow 4\alpha$  linkage and  $1 \rightarrow 6\beta$  linkage
- 3. Amylopectin have 1  $\rightarrow$  4 $\alpha$  linkage and 1  $\rightarrow$  6 $\beta$  linkage
- 4. Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose

95.

Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is *incorrect*?

- 1. They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains,
- 2. they are formed from bi and tri functional monomers.
- 3. Examples are bakelite and melamine
- 4. They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains

96.

In the reaction

the electrophile involved is

- 1. dichloromethyl cation (CHCl₂)
- 2. formyl cation (C HO)
- 3. dichloromethyl anion (CHCl<sub>2</sub>)
- 4. dichlorocarbene (:CCl<sub>2</sub>)

97.

Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their

- 1. formation of intramolecular H-bonding
- 2. formation of carboxylate ion
- 3. more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der waals force of attraction
- 4. formation of intermolecular H-bonding

Compound A, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively

1. 
$$CH_2$$
— $CH_2$ — $OH$  and  $I_2$ 

2.  $CH_2$ — $CH_2$ — $OH$  and  $I_2$ 

3.  $CH_3$ — $CH_3$  and  $I_2$ 

4.  $CH_3$ — $OH$  and  $I_2$ 

99.

The correct difference between first- and second-order reaction is that

- 1. the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentration; the rate of a secondorder reaction does depend on reactant concentrations.
- 2. the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]0; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]0
- 3. a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order 4. Mg<sub>3</sub> X<sub>2</sub> reaction cannot be catalyzed.
- 4. the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations

100.

Among CaH<sub>2</sub>, BeH<sub>2</sub>, BaH<sub>2</sub> the order of ionic character is

- 1. BeH<sub>2</sub> < CaH<sub>2</sub> < BaH<sub>2</sub>
- $2. CaH_2 < BeH_2 < BaH_2$
- 3.  $BeH_2 < BaH_2 < CaH_2$
- $4. BaH_2 < BeH_2 < CaH_2$

101.

Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

$$BrO_4^- \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} BrO_3^- \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} HBrO$$

$$Br^- \xleftarrow{1.0652\text{V}} Br_2 \xrightarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is:-

- 1. BrO<sub>3</sub>
- 2. BrO<sub>4</sub>
- 4. HBrO

102.

In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?

- 1. 18 mL of water
- 2. 0.18 g of water
- 3. 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 273 K
- $4. 10^{-3}$  mol of water

103.

Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an ionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is  $1s^22s^22p^3$  the simplest formula for this compound is

- $1. Mg_2 X_3$
- $2. MgX_2$
- $3. Mg_2 X$

104.

Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature. Above 900 °C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900 °C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature)

Which one is the wrong statement?

- 1. Total orbital angular momentum of an electron in 's' orbital is equal to zero.
- 2. An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.
- 3. The electronic configuration of N atom is

 $1s^2$ 









4. The value of m for  $d_{7}^{2}$  is zero.

106.

Consider the following species:

CN<sup>+</sup>, CN<sup>-</sup>, NO and CN

Which one of these will have the highest bond order?

- 1. NO
- 2. CN
- 3. CN<sup>+</sup>
- 4. CN

107.

Which of the following statements is **not** true for halogens?

- 1. All form monobasic oxyacids.
- 2. All are oxidizing agents.
- 3. All but fluorine show positive oxidation states.
- 4. Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.

108.

Which one of the following elements is unable to form  $MF_6^{3-}$  ion?

- 1. Ga
- 2. Al
- 3. B
- 4. In

109.

In the structure of ClF<sub>3</sub>, the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is

- 1.1
- 2.2
- 3.3
- 4.4

110.

Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alumina?

- 1. Fe.
- 2. Zn
- 3. Mg
- 4. Cu

111.

The correct order of atomic radii in group 13 elements is

- 1. B < Al < In < Ga < Tl
- 2. B < Al < Ga < In < Tl
- 3. B < Ga < Al < Tl < In
- 4. B < Ga < Al < In < Tl

112.

The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is

- 1. HNO<sub>3</sub>, NO, N<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub> Cl
- 2. HNO<sub>3</sub>, NO, NH<sub>4</sub> Cl, N<sub>2</sub>
- 3.  $HNO_3$ ,  $NH_4$  Cl, NO,  $N_2$
- 4. NH<sub>4</sub> Cl, N<sub>2</sub>, NO, HNO<sub>3</sub>

113.

On which of the following properties does coagulating power of an ion depend?

- 1. The magnitude of the charge on the alone
- 2. Size of the ion alone
- 3. Both magnitude and sign of the charge the ion
- 4. The sign of the charge on the ion alone

Following solutions were prepared by mixing different B and C are in the order volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations:

$$60\text{mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{HCI} + 40\text{mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{NaOH}$$

$$\frac{M}{10}$$
 HCI + 45mL  $\frac{M}{10}$  NaOH

$$\frac{M}{5}$$
 HCI + 25mL  $\frac{M}{5}$  NaOH

$$\frac{100\text{mL}}{10}$$
 HCI +  $100\text{mL}$   $\frac{\text{M}}{10}$  NaOH

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

- 1.2
- 2.1
- 3.4
- 4.3
- 115.

298 K. The value of the solubility product  $(K_{sp})$  will be (Given molar mass of  $BaSO_4 = 233 \text{ gmol}^{-1}$ )

$$_{2.}$$
  $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \, \text{mol}^2 \, \text{L}^{-2}$ 

# 116.

Given van der Waals constant for  $\mathrm{NH}_3,\,\mathrm{H}_2$  and  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.36 and 3.59, which one of the following gases is most easily liquefied?

- 1. NH<sub>3</sub>
- $2. H_2$
- 3. O<sub>2</sub>
- 4. CO<sub>2</sub>

### 117.

The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl<sub>5</sub> gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A,

- 1. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> OH, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> CI
- 2.  $C_2H_5$  OH,  $C_2H_5$  CI,  $C_2H_5$  ONa
- 3. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> Cl, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> OH
- 4. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> OH, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> ONa , C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> Cl

Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is

- 1. CH ≡ CH
- 2.  $CH_2 = CH_2$
- $3. CH_3 CH_3$
- 4. CH<sub>4</sub>

### 119.

The compound  $C_7H_8$  undergoes the following reactions :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3\,Cl_2/hv} A \xrightarrow{Br_2/Fe} B \xrightarrow{Zn/HCl} \\ \hline The product 'C' is \end{array}$$

- 1. m-bromotoluene
- 3. 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- 4. p-bromotoluene

120.

Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?

- 1.  $N_2O_5$
- 2. NO<sub>2</sub>
- 3. N<sub>2</sub>O
- 4. NO

## 121.

For the redox reaction

$$MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^- \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$$

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are  $MnO_4^-$ ,  $C_2O_4^{2-}$  and  $H^+$ 

- 1. 16, 5, 2
- 2, 2, 5, 16
- 3. 2, 16, 5
- 4. 5, 16, 2

Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum Identify the major products P, Q and R in the following formation of the product in the reaction, sequence of reaction:

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \Delta_r H = -XkJ$$
?

1. Low temperature and high pressure

- 2. Low temperature and low pressure
- 3. High temperature and high pressure
- 4. High temperature and low pressure

123.

The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation<sub>1.</sub> corresponds to

- 1. density of the gas molecules
- 2. volume of the gas molecules
- 3. electric field present between the gas molecules
- 4. forces of attraction between the gas molecules

124.

When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction

- 1. is halved
- 2. is doubled
- 3. is tripled
- 4. remains unchanged

125.

The bond dissociation energies of  $X_2$ ,  $Y_2$  and XY are in the Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion? ratio of 1: 0.5: 1.  $\Delta H$  for the formation of XY is -200 kJ<sub>1</sub>. Aniline  $\mbox{mol}^{-1}.$  The bond dissociation energy of  $\mbox{\bf X}_2$  will be

- 1.  $200 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- $2.\ 100 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- $2.800 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- $4.400 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

CH,CH,CH,

2.

,  $CH_3CH(OH)CH_3$ 

- 2. Acetanilide
- 3. Benzoic acid
- 4. Glycine

128.

The type of isomerism shown by the complex  $[CoCl_2(en)_2]$ 

- 1. Geometrical isomerism
- 2. Coordination isomerism
- 3. Ionization isomerism
- 4. Linkage isomerism

129.

Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?

- 1.  $CrO_4^2$
- 2.  $Cr_2 O_7^{2}$
- $3. \text{ MnO}_4$
- 4.  $MnO_4^2$

134.

The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex  $[Ni(CO)_4]$  are

1. square planar geometry and diamagnetic

- 2. tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic
- 3. square planar geometry and paramagnetic
- 4. tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic

131.

Iron carbonyl,  $Fe(CO)_5$  is

- 1. tetranuclear
- 2. mononuclear
- 3. trinuclear
- 4. dinuclear

132.

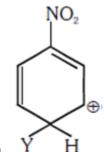
Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the *correct* code :

Column I

Column II

- a. Co<sup>3+</sup>
- <sub>i.</sub> √8 B.M.
- ь Cr<sup>3</sup>
- , √35 B.M.
- ຸ Fe³⁺
- <sub>iii.</sub> √3 B.M.
- d.  $Ni^{2+}$
- iv. √24 B.M.
- $_{\rm v.}$   $\sqrt{15}$  B.M.
- 1. a-iv b-v c-ii d-i
- 2. a-i b-ii c-iii d-iv
- 3. a-iv b-i c-ii d-iii
- 4. a-iii b-v c-i d-ii

Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?

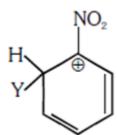


1. I II

2. Y H

NO<sub>2</sub>

3.



4.

133.

Which of the following is correct with respect to –I effect of Which of the following molecules represents the order of the substituents?

hybridisation sp², sp², sp, sp from left to right atoms?

(R = alkyl)

- 1.  $-NH_2 < -OR < -F$
- $2. NR_2 < -OR < -F$
- $3. NH_2 > -OR > -F$
- $4. NR_2 > -OR > -F$

135.

1.  $HC \equiv C - C \equiv H$ 2.  $CH_2 = CH - C \equiv CH$ 

- 3.  $CH_2^2 = CH CH = CH_2$
- $4. CH_2 CH = CH CH_3$

An EM wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity

 $\vec{V}=V$  î. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this EM wave is along the +y axis. Then the direction of the oscillating magnetic field of the EM wave will be along:

- 1. -z-direction
- 2. +z direction
- 3. -y-direction
- 4. +y direction

137.

The refractive index of the material of a prism is  $\sqrt{2}$  and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by a silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if the angle of incidence on the prism is:-

- 1. 60°
- 2. 45°
- 3. 30°
- 4. Zero

138.

The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance :

- 1. 0.138 H
- 2. 138.88 H
- 3. 1.389 H
- 4. 13.89 H

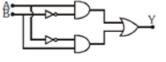
139.

An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be:-

- 1. 30 cm away from the mirror
- 2. 36 cm away from the mirror
- 3. 30 cm towards the mirror
- 4. 36 cm towards the mirror

140.

In the combination of the following gates, the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and B as :-



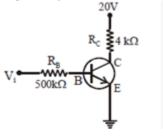
1. A.B

$$A.\overline{B}+B.\overline{A}$$

- $3. \overline{A.B} + A.B$
- 4. A+B

141.

In the circuit shown in the figure, the input voltage  $V_i$  is 20 V,  $V_{BE}$  = 0, and  $V_{CE}$  = 0. The values of  $I_B$ ,  $I_C$  and  $\beta$  are given by:



- 1.  $I_B = 40 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 10 mA$ ,  $\beta = 250$
- 2.  $I_B = 25 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 200$
- 3.  $I_B = 20 \mu A$ ,  $I_c = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 250$
- 4.  $I_B = 40 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 125$

142.

In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating:

- 1. Affects only reverse resistance
- 2. Affects only forward bias
- 3. Does not affect the resistance of the p-n junction
- 4. Affects the overall V-I characteristics of p-n junction

A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to the viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity is proportional to:

- $1. r^{3}$
- $2. r^2$
- 3. r<sup>5</sup>
- 4. r<sup>4</sup>

144.

A sample of 0.1 g of water at  $100^0$  C and normal pressure (1.013  $\times$   $10^5$  Nm<sup>-2</sup>) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert it into steam at  $100^0$  C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167.1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample is:

- 1. 104.3 J
- 2.208.7 J
- 3. 42.2 J
- 4.84.5 J

145.

Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by  $\Delta l$  on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?

- 1. 9F
- 2.6F
- 3.4F
- **4.** F

146.

The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength  $\lambda_0$ . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at the wavelength  $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$ . The power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is:

- 1.  $\frac{3}{4}$
- $2. \frac{4}{3}$
- 3.  $\frac{256}{81}$
- 4.  $\frac{81}{256}$

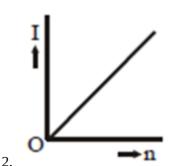
147.

A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf 'E' and internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I. Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn becomes 10I. The value of 'n' is:-

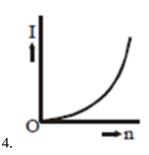
- 1. 10
- 2.11
- 3.20
- 4. 9

A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?

I o







149.

A carbon resistor (47  $\pm$  4.7)  $k\Omega$  is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be :-

- 1. Violet Yellow Orange Silver
- 2. Yellow Violet Orange Silver
- 3. Yellow Green Violet Gold
- 4. Green Orange Violet Gold

150.

Which one of the following statements is *incorrect*?

- 1. Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
- 2. Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
- 3. Frictional force opposes the relative motion .
- 4. Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.

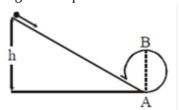
151.

A moving block having mass m collides with another stationary block having a mass of 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after the collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of the coefficient of restitution (e) will be:-

- 1.0.5
- 2. 0.25
- 3.0.8
- 4. 0.4

152.

A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to:-



- 1.  $\frac{3}{2}$ D
- 2. D
- 3.  $\frac{7}{4}$ D
- 4.  $\frac{5}{4}$ D

153.

Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C = (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation:-

- 1.  $W_C > W_B > W_A$
- $2. W_{A} > W_{B} > W_{C}$
- 3.  $W_B > W_A > W_C$
- 4.  $W_A > W_C > W_B$

Page: 17

A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is:

- 1. 330 m/s
- 2. 339 m/s
- 3. 350 m/s
- 4. 300 m/s

155.

An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward-directed electric field E. The direction of the electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest through the same vertical distance h. The fall time of the electron in comparison to the fall time of the proton is:-

- 1. smaller
- 2. 5 times greater
- 3. 10 times greater
- 4. equal

156.

A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is  $20 \text{ m/s}^2$  at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is:

- $1.2\pi s$
- $2.\ \pi\ s$
- 3. 2 s
- 4.1 s

157.

The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is

- 1. Independent of the distance between the plates
- 2. linearly proportional to the distance between the plates
- 3. proportional to the sqaure root of the distance between the plates
- 4. inversely proportional to the distance between the plates

158.

An electron of mass m with an initial velocity  $\vec{v} = v_0 \hat{i}(v_0 > 0)$ enters in an electric field  $\vec{E} = -E_0 \hat{i}$  ( $E_0 = \text{constant } > 0$ ) at t = 0. If  $\lambda_0$ , is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is:-

- $1. \frac{\lambda_0}{(1+\frac{eE_0}{mv_0}t)}$
- 2.  $\lambda_0(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mv_0}t)$
- $3. \lambda_0 t$
- 4.  $\lambda_0$

159.

For radioactive material, the half-life is 10 minutes. If initially, there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is :

- 1.20
- 2. 10
- 3.30
- 4. 15

160.

When light of frequency  $2v_0$  (where  $v_0$  is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is  $v_1$ . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to  $5v_0$ , the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is  $v_2$ . The ratio of  $v_1$  to  $v_2$  is

- 1. 1: 2
- 2. 1: 4
- 3. 4: 1
- 4. 2: 1

161.

The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom is:

- 1.1:1
- 2.1:-1
- 3.2:-1
- 4. 1 : -2

The moment of the force,  $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$  at point (2,0,-3) about the point (2,-2,-2) is given by:-

1. 
$$-8\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$$

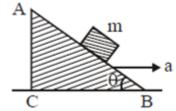
2. 
$$-4\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$$

3. 
$$-7\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$$

4. 
$$-7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$$

163.

A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination  $\theta$  as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and  $\theta$  for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is:-



1. 
$$a = \frac{g}{\cos ec\theta}$$

2. 
$$a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$$

3. 
$$a = g \cos \theta$$

4. 
$$a = g \tan \theta$$

164.

A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field  $\vec{E}$ . Due to the force  $q\vec{E}$ , its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one-second duration. At that instant, the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively:-

- 1. 2 m/s, 4 m/s
- 2. 1 m/s, 3 m/s
- 3.1 m/s, 3.5 m/s
- 4. 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s

165.

A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is:

- 1. 0.521 cm
- 2. 0.525 cm
- 3. 0.053 cm
- 4. 0.529 cm

166.

Unpolarised light is incident from the air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index ' $\mu$ '. At a particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?

- 1. The reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence.
- 2. The reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence.

3. 
$$i = \sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{\mu})$$

4. 
$$i = tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{\mu})$$

167.

In Young's double-slit experiment, the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength  $\lambda$  of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0.20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0.21° (with same  $\lambda$  and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to:-

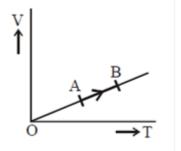
- 1. 1.8 mm
- 2. 1.9 mm
- 3. 2.1 mm
- 3. 1.7 mm

An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution when it has an objective lens of:-

- 1. small focal length and large diameter
- 2. large focal length and small diameter
- 3. large focal length and large diameter
- 4. small focal length and small diameter

169.

The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is:



- 1.  $\frac{2}{5}$
- $2. \frac{2}{3}$
- 3.  $\frac{1}{3}$
- 4.  $\frac{2}{7}$

170.

The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is:

- 1. 13.2 cm
- 2.8 cm
- 3. 12.5 cm
- 4. 16 cm

171.

The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water is:

- 1. 26.8%
- 2.20%
- 3. 6.25%
- 4. 12.5%

172.

At what temperature will the RMS speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the earth's atmosphere?

(Given : Mass of oxygen molecule (m) =  $2.76 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$ , Boltzmann's constant  $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$ ):

- $1.2.508 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- $2.8.360 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- $3.5.016 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- $4. 1.254 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$

173.

A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m<sup>-1</sup> is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep stationery is:

- 1. 7.14 A
- 2. 5.98 A
- 3, 14,76 A
- 4. 11.32 A

174.

An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor  $100~\mu F$ , and a resistor  $50~\Omega$  are connected in series across a source of emf, V=  $10\sin 314t$ . The power loss in the circuit is:

- 1, 0,79 W
- 2. 0.43 W
- 3. 2.74 W
- 4. 1.13 W

175.

A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from

- 1. the current source
- 2. the magnetic field
- 3. the lattice structure of the material of the rod
- 4. the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field.

The current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is:

- $1.40 \Omega$
- $2.25 \Omega$
- $3.250 \Omega$
- $4.500 \Omega$

177.

If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?

- 1. Raindrops will fall faster.
- 2. walking on the ground would become more difficult.
- 3. Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
- 4. 'g' on earth will not change.

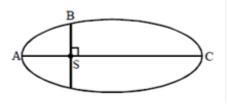
178.

A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion, a body possesses translational kinetic energy  $(K_t)$  as well as rotational kinetic energy  $(K_r)$  simultaneously. The ratio  $K_t$ :  $(K_t + K_r)$  for the sphere is:

- 1.7:10
- 2.5:7
- 3. 10:7
- 4. 2:5

179.

The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are  $K_A$ ,  $K_B$  and  $K_C$  respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then:



- $1. K_A < K_B < K_C$
- 2.  $K_A > K_B > K_C$
- 3.  $K_B < K_A < K_C$
- 4.  $K_B > K_A > K_C$

180.

A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass the same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?

- 1. Angular velocity
- 2. moment of inertia
- 3. rotational kinetic energy
- 4. Angular momentum