

## PHYSICS - SECTION A

**1** Polar molecules are the molecules:

- |    |  |
|----|--|
| 1. | that acquires a dipole moment only when the magnetic field is absent.                                  |
| 2. | having a permanent electric dipole moment.   |
| 3. | having zero dipole moment.   |
| 4. | that acquire a dipole moment only in the presence of an electric field due to displacement of charges. |

**2** A particle is released from a height of  $S$  above the surface of the earth. At a certain height, its kinetic energy is three times its potential energy. The distance from the earth's surface and the speed of the particle at that instant are respectively:

1.  $\frac{S}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$
2.  $\frac{S}{4}, \sqrt{\frac{3gS}{2}}$
3.  $\frac{S}{4}, \frac{3gS}{2}$
4.  $\frac{S}{4}, \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$

**3** **Column-I** gives certain physical terms associated with flow of current through a metallic conductor.

**Column-II** gives some mathematical relations involving electrical quantities.

Match **Column-I** and **Column-II** with appropriate relations.

Column-I	Column-II
(A) Drift Velocity	(P) $\frac{m}{ne^2\rho}$
(B) Electrical Resistivity	(Q) $nev_d$
(C) Relaxation Period	(R) $\frac{eE}{m}\tau$
(D) Current Density	(S) $\frac{E}{J}$

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
1.	(R)	(P)	(S)	(Q)
2.	(R)	(Q)	(S)	(P)
3.	(R)	(S)	(P)	(Q)
4.	(R)	(S)	(Q)	(P)

**4** If force  $[F]$ , acceleration  $[A]$  and time  $[T]$  are chosen as the fundamental physical quantities, then find the dimensions of energy.

1.  $[F][A][T^{-1}]$
2.  $[F][A^{-1}][T]$
3.  $[F][A][T]$
4.  $[F][A][T^2]$

**5** The escape velocity from the Earth's surface is  $v$ . The escape velocity from the surface of another planet having a radius, four times that of Earth and same mass density is:

1.  $3v$
2.  $4v$
3.  $v$
4.  $2v$

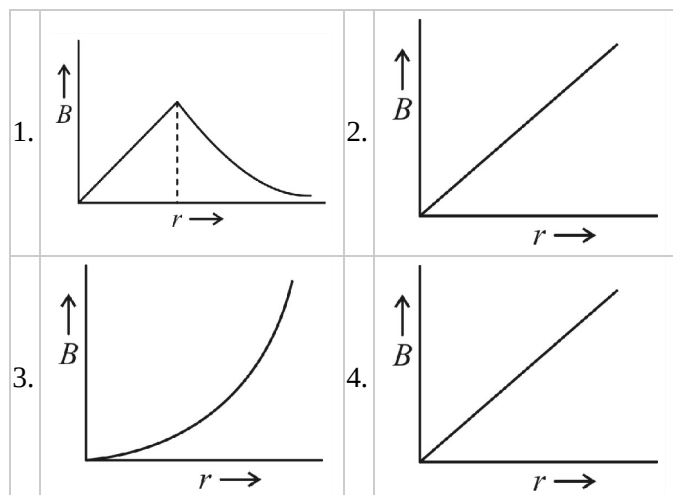
**6** A small block slides down on a smooth inclined plane starting from rest at time  $t=0$ . Let  $S_n$  be the distance travelled by the block in the interval  $t=n-1$  to  $t=n$ . Then the ratio  $\frac{S_n}{S_{n+1}}$  -is:

1.  $\frac{2n+1}{2n-1}$
2.  $\frac{2n}{2n-1}$
3.  $\frac{2n-1}{2n}$
4.  $\frac{2n-1}{2n+1}$

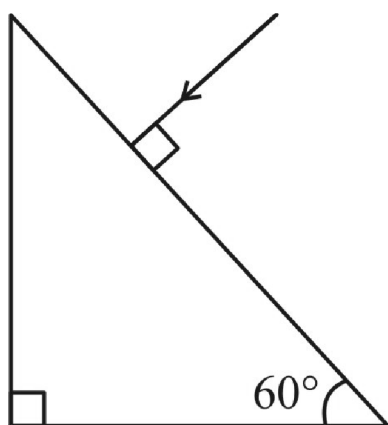
**7** The velocity of a small ball of mass  $M$  and density  $d$ , when dropped in a container filled with glycerine becomes constant after some time. If the density of glycerine is  $\frac{d}{2}$  then the viscous force acting on the ball will be:

1.  $\frac{3Mg}{2}$
2.  $2Mg$
3.  $\frac{Mg}{2}$
4.  $Mg$

**8** A thick current-carrying cable of radius 'R' carries current 'I' uniformly distributed across its cross-section. The variation of magnetic field  $B(r)$  due to the cable with the distance 'r' from the axis of the cable is represented by:



**9** Find the value of the angle of emergence from the prism given below for the incidence ray shown. The refractive index of the glass is  $\sqrt{3}$ .



1.  $45^\circ$
2.  $90^\circ$
3.  $60^\circ$
4.  $30^\circ$

**10** A screw gauge gives the following readings when used to measure the diameter of a wire :

Main scale reading: 0 mm

Circular scale reading: 52 divisions

Given that 1 mm on the main scale corresponds to 100 divisions on the circular scale, the diameter of the wire that can be inferred from the given data is

1. 0.26 cm
2. 0.052 cm
3. 0.52 cm
4. 0.026

**11** A nucleus with mass number 240 breaks into fragments each of mass number 120. The binding energy per nucleon of unfragmented nuclei is 7.6 MeV while that of fragments is 8.5 MeV. The total gain in the binding energy in the process is:

1. 804 MeV
2. 216 MeV
3. 0.9 MeV
4. 9.4 MeV

**12** Water falls from a height of 60 m at the rate of 15 kg/s to operate a turbine. The losses due to frictional force are 10% of the input energy. How much power is generated by the turbine? ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )

1. 12.3 kW
2. 7.0 kW
3. 10.2 kW
4. 8.1 kW

**13** A convex lens 'A' of focal length 20 cm and a concave lens 'B' of focal length 5 cm are kept along the same axis with a distance 'd' between them. If a parallel beam of light falling on 'A' leaves 'B' as a parallel beam, then the distance 'd' in cm will be:

1. 50
2. 30
3. 25
4. 15

**14** A lens of large focal length and large aperture is best suited as an objective of an astronomical telescope since:

1. a large aperture contributes to the quality and visibility of the images.
2. a large area of the objective ensures better light-gathering power.
3. a large aperture provides a better resolution.
4. all of the above.

**15** The electron concentration in an n-type semiconductor is the same as hole concentration in a p-type semiconductor. An external field (electric) is applied across each of them. Compare the currents in them.

- |    |   |
|----|---|
| 1. | current in n-type > current in p-type.                            |
| 2. | no current will flow in p-type, current will only flow in n-type. |
| 3. | current in n-type = current in p-type.                            |
| 4. | current in p-type > current in n-type.                            |

**16** If a body is executing simple harmonic motion with frequency 'n', then the frequency of its potential energy is:

1.  $3n$
2.  $4n$
3.  $n$
4.  $2n$

**17** A cup of coffee cools from  $90^\circ$  to  $80^\circ\text{C}$  in  $t$  minutes, when the room temperature is  $20^\circ\text{C}$ . The time taken by a similar cup of coffee to cool from  $80^\circ$  to  $60^\circ\text{C}$  at room temperature same at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  is :

1.  $\frac{10}{13}t$
2.  $\frac{5}{13}t$
3.  $\frac{13}{10}t$
4.  $\frac{13}{5}t$

**18** In a potentiometer circuit, a cell of emf 1.5 V gives a balance point at 36 cm length of wire. If another cell of emf 2.5 V replaces the first cell, then at what length of the wire, the balance point occurs?

1. 64 cm
2. 62 cm
3. 60 cm
4. 21.6 cm

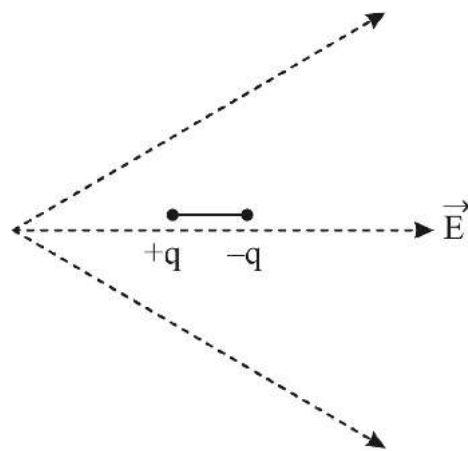
**19** The effective resistance of a parallel connection that consists of four wires of equal length, equal area of cross-section and same material is  $0.25\ \Omega$ . What will be the effective resistance if they are connected in series?

1.  $1\ \Omega$
2.  $4\ \Omega$
3.  $0.25\ \Omega$
4.  $0.5\ \Omega$

**20** A radioactive nucleus  ${}^A_Z\text{X}$  undergoes spontaneous decay in the sequence  ${}^A_Z\text{X} \rightarrow {}^{A-1}_{Z-1}\text{B} \rightarrow {}^{A-3}_{Z-3}\text{C} \rightarrow {}^{A-2}_{Z-2}\text{D}$ , where  $Z$  is the atomic number of element  $\text{X}$ . The possible decay particles in the sequence are:

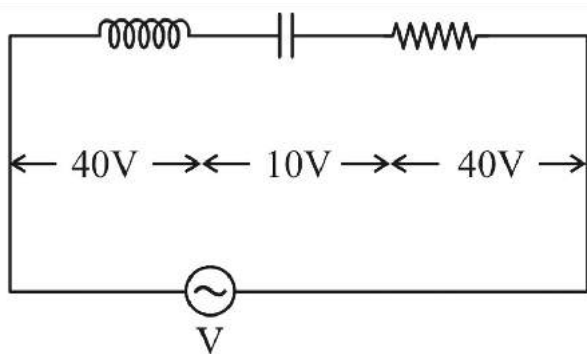
1.  $\beta^+$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta^-$
2.  $\beta^-$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta^+$
3.  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta^-$ ,  $\beta^+$
4.  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta^+$ ,  $\beta^-$

**21** A dipole is placed in an electric field as shown. In which direction will it move?



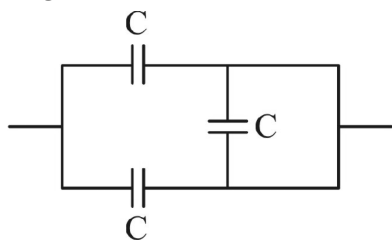
1. towards the left as its potential energy will decrease.
2. towards the right as its potential energy will increase.
3. towards the left as its potential energy will increase.
4. towards the right as its potential energy will decrease.

**22** An inductor of inductance  $L$ , a capacitor of capacitance  $C$  and a resistor of resistance ' $R$ ' are connected in series to an ac source of potential difference ' $V$ ' volts as shown in fig. The potential difference across  $L$ ,  $C$  and  $R$  is 40 V, 10 V and 40V, respectively. The amplitude of the current flowing through the LCR series circuit is  $10\sqrt{2}$  A. The impedance of the circuit will be:



1.  $4 \Omega$
2.  $5 \Omega$
3.  $4\sqrt{2} \Omega$
4.  $5/\sqrt{2} \Omega$

**23** The equivalent capacitance of the combination shown in the figure is:



1.  $C/2$
2.  $3C/2$
3.  $3C$
4.  $2C$

**24** Consider the following **statements (A)** and **(B)** and identify the correct answer.

**A.** A zener diode is connected in reverse bias when used as a voltage regulator.

**B.** The potential barrier of p-n junction lies between 0.2 V to 0.3 V.

1. (A) is correct and (B) is incorrect.
2. (A) is incorrect and (B) is correct.
3. (A) and (B) both are correct.
4. (A) and (B) both are incorrect.

**25** For a plane electromagnetic wave propagating in the x-direction, which one of the following combinations gives the correct possible directions for the electric field (E) and magnetic field (B) respectively?

1.  $\hat{j} + \hat{k}, -\hat{j} - \hat{k}$
2.  $-\hat{j} + \hat{k}, -\hat{j} + \hat{k}$
3.  $\hat{j} + \hat{k}, \hat{j} + \hat{k}$
4.  $-\hat{j} + \hat{k}, -\hat{j} - \hat{k}$

**26** The number of photons per second on an average emitted by a source of monochromatic light of wavelength 600 nm, when it delivers the power of  $3.3 \times 10^{-3}$  watt will be: ( $h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34}$  Js)

1.  $10^{16}$
2.  $10^{15}$
3.  $10^{18}$
4.  $10^{17}$

**27** A parallel plate capacitor has a uniform electric field  $\vec{E}$  in the space between the plates. If the distance between the plates is  $d$  and the area of each plate is  $A$  the energy stored in the capacitor is: ( $\epsilon_0$  = permittivity of free space)

1.  $\frac{1}{2}\epsilon_0 E^2 Ad$
2.  $\frac{E^2 Ad}{\epsilon_0}$
3.  $\frac{1}{2}\epsilon_0 E^2$
4.  $\epsilon_0 EAd$

**28** A capacitor of capacitance ' $C$ ' is connected across an ac source of voltage  $V$ , given by;

$$V = V_0 \sin \omega t$$

The displacement current between the plates of the capacitor would then be given by:

1.  $I_d = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \sin \omega t$
2.  $I_d = V_0 \omega C \sin \omega t$
3.  $I_d = V_0 \omega C \cos \omega t$
4.  $I_d = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \cos \omega t$

**29** Two charged spherical conductors of radii  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are connected by a wire. The ratio of surface charge densities of spheres  $\left(\frac{\sigma_1}{\sigma_2}\right)$  is:

1.  $\sqrt{\left(\frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)}$
2.  $\frac{R_1^2}{R_2^2}$
3.  $\frac{R_1}{R_2}$
4.  $\frac{R_2}{R_1}$

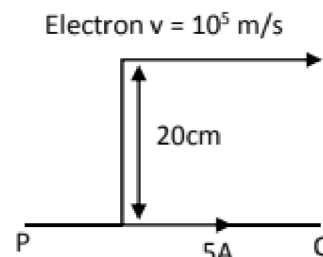
**30** An electromagnetic wave of wavelength  $\lambda$  is incident on a photosensitive surface of negligible work function. If 'm' is mass of photoelectron emitted from the surface and  $\lambda_d$  is the de-Broglie wavelength, then:

1.  $\lambda = \left(\frac{2mc}{h}\right) \lambda_d^2$
2.  $\lambda = \left(\frac{2h}{mc}\right) \lambda_d^2$
3.  $\lambda = \left(\frac{2m}{hc}\right) \lambda_d^2$
4.  $\lambda_d = \left(\frac{2mc}{h}\right) \lambda^2$

**31** A spring is stretched by 5 cm by a force 10 N. The time period of the oscillations when a mass of 2 kg is suspended by it is:

1. 3.14 s
2. 0.628 s
3. 0.0628 s
4. 6.28 s

**32** An infinitely long straight conductor carries a current of 5 A as shown. An electron is moving with a speed of  $10^5$  m/s parallel to the conductor. The perpendicular distance between the electron and the conductor is 20 cm at an instant. Calculate the magnitude of the force experienced by the electron at that instant.



1.  $4\pi \times 10^{-20}$  N
2.  $8 \times 10^{-20}$  N
3.  $4 \times 10^{-20}$  N
4.  $8\pi \times 10^{-20}$  N

**33** The half-life of a radioactive nuclide is 100 hours. The fraction of original activity that will remain after 150 hours would be:

1.  $\frac{2}{3}$
2.  $\frac{2}{3\sqrt{2}}$
3.  $1/2$
4.  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

**34** Match **Column - I** and **Column - II** and choose the correct match from the given choices.

	Column - I		Column - II
(A)	root mean square speed of gas molecules	(P)	$\frac{1}{3} nm\bar{v}^2$
(B)	pressure exerted by ideal gas	(Q)	$\sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$
(C)	average kinetic energy of a molecule	(R)	$\frac{5}{2} RT$
(D)	total internal energy of 1 mole of a diatomic gas	(S)	$\frac{3}{2} k_B T$

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
1.	(Q)	(P)	(S)	(R)
2.	(R)	(Q)	(P)	(S)
3.	(R)	(P)	(S)	(Q)
4.	(Q)	(R)	(S)	(P)

**35** If  $E$  and  $G$ , respectively, denote energy and gravitational constant, then  $\frac{E}{G}$  has the dimensions of:

1.  $[M][L^0][T^0]$
2.  $[M^2][L^{-2}][T^{-1}]$
3.  $[M^2][L^{-1}][T^0]$
4.  $[M][L^{-1}][T^{-1}]$

## PHYSICS - SECTION B

**36** From a circular ring of mass " $M$ " and radius " $R$ ", an arc corresponding to a  $90^\circ$  sector is removed. The moment of inertia of the remaining part of the ring about an axis passing through the centre of the ring and perpendicular to the plane of the ring is ' $K$ ' times ' $MR^2$ '. The value of ' $K$ ' will be:

1.  $\frac{1}{4}$
2.  $\frac{1}{8}$
3.  $\frac{3}{4}$
4.  $\frac{7}{8}$

**37** A uniform conducting wire of length  $12a$  and resistance ' $R$ ' is wound up as a current carrying coil in the shape of,

- (i) an equilateral triangle of side ' $a$ '
- (ii) a square of side ' $a$ '

The magnetic dipole moments of the coil in each case respectively are:

1.  $3Ia^2$  and  $4Ia^2$
2.  $4Ia^2$  and  $3Ia^2$
3.  $\sqrt{3}Ia^2$  and  $3Ia^2$
4.  $3Ia^2$  and  $Ia^2$

**38** Two conducting circular loops of radii  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are placed in the same plane with their centres coinciding. If  $R_1 \gg R_2$ , the mutual inductance  $M$  between them will be directly proportional to:

1.  $\frac{R_1^2}{R_2}$
2.  $\frac{R_2^2}{R_1}$
3.  $\frac{R_1}{R_2}$
4.  $\frac{R_2}{R_1}$

**39** A ball of mass  $0.15 \text{ kg}$  is dropped from a height  $10 \text{ m}$ , strikes the ground and rebounds to the same height. The magnitude of impulse imparted to the ball is ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ ) nearly:

1.  $2.1 \text{ kg m/s}$
2.  $1.4 \text{ kg m/s}$
3.  $0 \text{ kg m/s}$
4.  $4.2 \text{ kg m/s}$

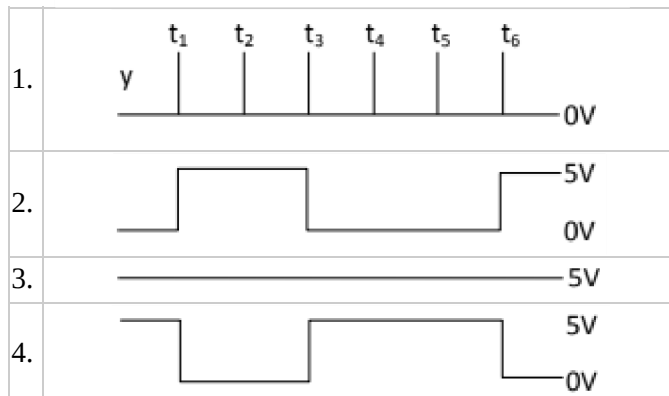
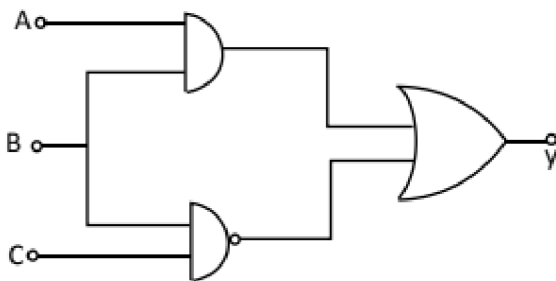
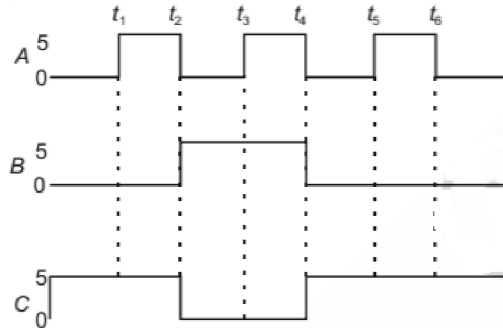
**40** A step down transformer connected to an ac mains supply of  $220 \text{ V}$  is made to operate at  $11 \text{ V}$ ,  $44 \text{ W}$  lamp. Ignoring power losses in the transformer, what is the current in the primary circuit?

1.  $2 \text{ A}$
2.  $4 \text{ A}$
3.  $0.2 \text{ A}$
4.  $0.4 \text{ A}$

**41** Twenty seven drops of same size are charged at  $220 \text{ V}$  each. They combine to form a bigger drop. Calculate the potential of the bigger drop.

1.  $1520 \text{ V}$
2.  $1980 \text{ V}$
3.  $660 \text{ V}$
4.  $1320 \text{ V}$

- 42** For the given circuit, the input digital signals are applied at the terminals A, B and C. What would be the output at terminal y?



- 43** A particle of mass  $m$  is projected with a velocity,  $v = kV_e$  ( $k < 1$ ) from the surface of the earth. The maximum height, above the surface, reached by the particle is: (Where  $V_e$  = escape velocity,  $R$  = radius of the earth)

1.  $\frac{R^2 k}{1+k}$
2.  $\frac{Rk^2}{1-k^2}$
3.  $R \left( \frac{k}{1-k} \right)^2$
4.  $R \left( \frac{k}{1+k} \right)^2$

- 44** A car starts from rest and accelerates at  $5 \text{ m/s}^2$ . At  $t = 4 \text{ s}$ , a ball is dropped out of a window by a person sitting in the car. What is the velocity and acceleration of the ball at  $t = 6 \text{ s}$ ?

(Take  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )

1.  $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}$ ,  $0 \text{ m/s}^2$
2.  $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}$ ,  $10 \text{ m/s}^2$
3.  $20 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $5 \text{ m/s}^2$
4.  $20 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $0$

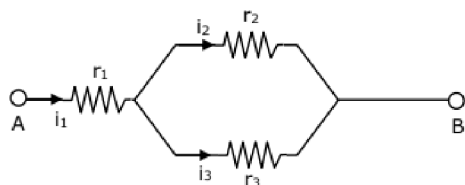
- 45** A series LCR circuit containing  $5.0 \text{ H}$  inductor,  $80 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor and  $40 \Omega$  resistor is connected to  $230 \text{ V}$  variable frequency ac source. The angular frequencies of the source at which power transferred to the circuit is half the power at the resonant angular frequency are likely to be:

1.  $46 \text{ rad/s}$  and  $54 \text{ rad/s}$
2.  $42 \text{ rad/s}$  and  $58 \text{ rad/s}$
3.  $25 \text{ rad/s}$  and  $75 \text{ rad/s}$
4.  $50 \text{ rad/s}$  and  $25 \text{ rad/s}$

- 46** A particle moving in a circle of radius  $R$  with a uniform speed takes a time  $T$  to complete one revolution. If this particle were projected with the same speed at an angle ' $\theta$ ' to the horizontal, the maximum height attained by it equals  $4R$ . The angle of projection,  $\theta$ , is then given by:

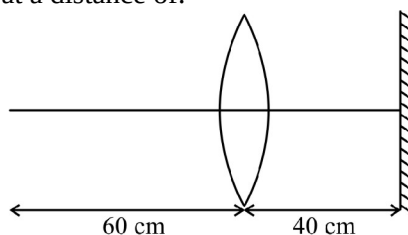
1.  $\theta = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{\pi^2 R}{gT^2} \right)^{1/2}$
2.  $\theta = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{2gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$
3.  $\theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$
4.  $\theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\pi^2 R}{gT^2} \right)^{1/2}$

- 47** Three resistors having resistances  $r_1$ ,  $r_2$  and  $r_3$  are connected as shown in the given circuit. The ratio  $\frac{i_3}{i_1}$  of currents in terms of resistances used in the circuit is:



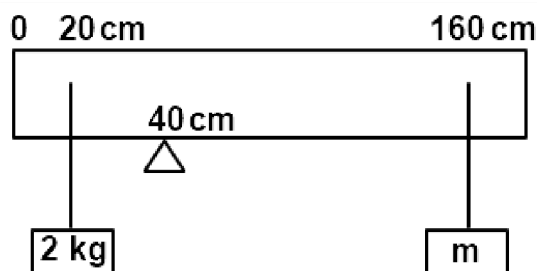
1.  $\frac{r_1}{r_1+r_2}$
2.  $\frac{r_2}{r_1+r_3}$
3.  $\frac{r_1}{r_2+r_3}$
4.  $\frac{r_2}{r_2+r_3}$

- 48** A point object is placed at a distance of 60 cm from a convex lens of focal length 30 cm. If a plane mirror were put perpendicular to the principal axis of the lens and at a distance of 40 cm from it, the final image would be formed at a distance of:



1. 30 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.
2. 20 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.
3. 20 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.
4. 30 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.

- 49** A uniform rod of length 200 cm and mass 500 g is balanced on a wedge placed at 40 cm mark. A mass of 2 kg is suspended from the rod at 20 cm and another unknown mass 'm' is suspended from the rod at 160 cm as shown in the figure. Find the value of 'm' such that the rod is in equilibrium. ( $g=10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )



1.  $\frac{1}{6} \text{ kg}$
2.  $\frac{1}{12} \text{ kg}$
3.  $\frac{1}{2} \text{ kg}$
4.  $\frac{1}{3} \text{ kg}$

- 50** In the product

$$\vec{F} = q (\vec{v} \times \vec{B})$$

$$= q\vec{v} \times (B\hat{i} + B\hat{j} + B_0\hat{k})$$

For  $q = 1$  and  $\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$   
and  $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} - 20\hat{j} + 12\hat{k}$

What will be the complete expression for  $\vec{B}$ ?

1.  $8\hat{i} + 8\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$
2.  $6\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$
3.  $-8\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$
4.  $-6\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$

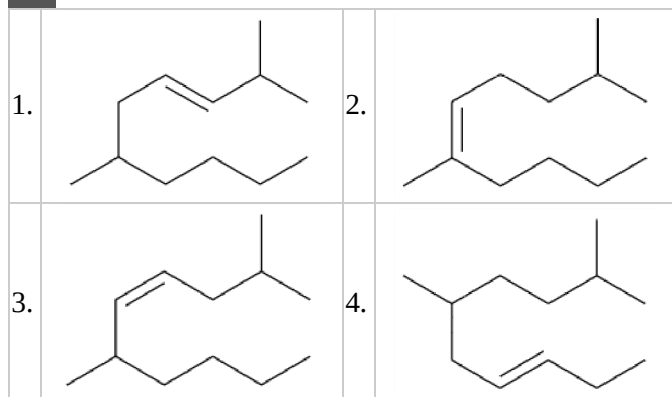
## CHEMISTRY - SECTION A

- 51** The compound which shows metamerism is:

1.  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$
2.  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$
3.  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}$
4.  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O}$



**52** The correct structure of 2,6-Dimethyl-dec-4-ene is :



**53** For the following compounds, what is the correct sequence of the bond enthalpy of the "C-X" bond?

1.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-F} < \text{CH}_3\text{-Cl} > \text{CH}_3\text{-Br} > \text{CH}_3\text{-I}$
2.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-Cl} > \text{CH}_3\text{-F} > \text{CH}_3\text{-Br} > \text{CH}_3\text{-I}$
3.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-F} < \text{CH}_3\text{-Cl} < \text{CH}_3\text{-Br} < \text{CH}_3\text{-I}$
4.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-F} > \text{CH}_3\text{-Cl} > \text{CH}_3\text{-Br} > \text{CH}_3\text{-I}$

**54** Zr (Z = 40) and Hf (Z = 72) have similar atomic and ionic radii because of:

1. lanthanoid contraction
2. having similar chemical properties
3. belonging to same group
4. diagonal relationship

**55** The number of tetrahedral and octahedral voids in hexagonal primitive unit cell are respectively:

1. 2, 1
2. 12, 6
3. 8, 4
4. 6, 12

**56**  $\text{BF}_3$  is a planar and an electron deficient compound. Hybridization and number of electrons around the central atom, respectively are:

1.  $\text{sp}^2$  and 6
2.  $\text{sp}^2$  and 8
3.  $\text{sp}^3$  and 4
4.  $\text{sp}^3$  and 6

**57** Following solutions were prepared by dissolving 10 g of glucose ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ ) in 250 ml of water ( $\text{P}_1$ ), 10 g of urea ( $\text{CH}_4\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ) in 250 ml of water ( $\text{P}_2$ ) and 10 g of sucrose ( $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_{11}$ ) in 250 ml of water ( $\text{P}_3$ ). The decreasing order of osmotic pressure of these solutions is:

1.  $\text{P}_2 > \text{P}_3 > \text{P}_1$
2.  $\text{P}_3 > \text{P}_1 > \text{P}_2$
3.  $\text{P}_2 > \text{P}_1 > \text{P}_3$
4.  $\text{P}_1 > \text{P}_2 > \text{P}_3$

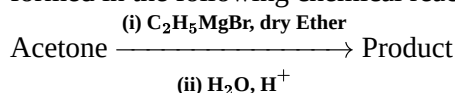
**58** Tritium, a radioactive isotope of hydrogen, emits which of the following particles?

1. Gamma ( $\gamma$ )
2. Neutron (n)
3. Beta ( $\beta^-$ )
4. Alpha ( $\alpha$ )

**59** Ethylene diaminetetraacetate (EDTA) ion is:

- |    |  |
|----|--|
| 1. | Bidentate ligand with two "N" donor atoms                |
| 2. | Tridentate ligand with three "N" donor atoms             |
| 3. | Hexadentate ligand with four "O" and two "N" donor atoms |
| 4. | Unidentate ligand  |

**60** What is the IUPAC name of the organic compound formed in the following chemical reaction ?



1. pentan-3-ol
2. 2-methyl butan-2-ol
3. 2-methyl propan-2-ol
4. pentan-2-ol

**61** The major product formed in the dehydrohalogenation reaction of 2-Bromo pentane is Pent-2-ene. This product formation is based on:

1. Hofmann Rule
2. Huckel's Rule
3. Saytzeff's Rule
4. Hund's Rule

**62** The correct example of metal displacement reaction among the following is -

1.  $\text{Fe} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{FeCl}_2 + \text{H}_2 \uparrow$
2.  $2\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow 2\text{PbO} + 4\text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \uparrow$
3.  $2\text{KClO}_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2\text{KCl} + 3\text{O}_2$
4.  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{Al} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{Cr}$

**63** Which one among the following is the correct option for right relationship between  $C_p$  and  $C_v$  for one mole of an ideal gas ?

1.  $C_p = RC_v$
2.  $C_v = RC_p$
3.  $C_p + C_v = R$
4.  $C_p - C_v = R$

**64** The RBC deficiency is a deficiency disease of:

1. Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>
2. Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>
3. Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>
4. Vitamin B<sub>6</sub>

**65** Which one of the following polymers are prepared by addition polymerization?

1. Novolac
2. Dacron
3. Teflon
4. Nylon-66

**66** An organic compound contains 80 % (by wt.) carbon and the remaining percentage of hydrogen. The empirical formula of this compound is:

[Atomic wt. of C is 12, H is 1]

1. CH<sub>3</sub>
2. CH<sub>4</sub>
3. CH
4. CH<sub>2</sub>

**67** The dihedral angle of the least stable conformer of ethane is-

1. 60°
2. 0°
3. 120°
4. 180°

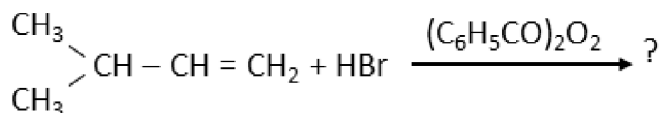
**68** Match List - I with List - II

	List - I		List - II
(a)	PCl <sub>5</sub>	(i)	Square pyramidal
(b)	SF <sub>6</sub>	(ii)	Trigonal planar
(c)	BrF <sub>5</sub>	(iii)	Octahedral
(d)	BF <sub>3</sub>	(iv)	Trigonal bipyramidal

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
2.	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
3.	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
4.	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

**69** The major product of the following chemical reaction is



1.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagup \\ \text{CH} - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagdown \quad   \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{Br} \end{array}$
2.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagup \\ \text{CBr} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$
3.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagup \\ \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{Br} \\ \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$
4.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \diagup \\ \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{COC}_6\text{H}_5 \\ \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$

**70** Which one of the following methods can be used to obtain highly pure metal which is liquid at room temperature?

1. Distillation
2. Zone refining
3. Electrolysis
4. Chromatography

**71** Identify the compound that will react with Hinsberg's reagent to give a solid which dissolves in alkali.

1.	$\text{H}_3\text{C}-\overset{\text{H}_2}{\underset{\text{NH}_2}{\text{C}}}$	2.	$\text{H}_3\text{C}-\overset{\text{H}_2}{\underset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{N}}}-\overset{\text{H}_2}{\text{C}}-\text{CH}_3$
3.	$\text{H}_3\text{C}-\overset{\text{H}_2}{\underset{\text{NO}_2}{\text{C}}}$	4.	$\text{H}_3\text{C}-\overset{\text{H}_2}{\underset{\text{H}}{\text{N}}}-\text{CH}_3$

**72** In the light of the below statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

I:	Acid strength increases in the order given as $\text{HF} < \text{HCl} < \text{HBr} < \text{HI}$ .
II:	As the size of the elements F, Cl, Br, I increases down the group, the bond strength of HF, HCl, HBr, and HI decreases and so the acid strength increases.
1.	I is correct but II is false.
2.	I is incorrect but II is true.
3.	Both I and II are true.
4.	Both I and II are false.

**73** The  $\text{pK}_b$  of dimethylamine and  $\text{pK}_a$  of acetic acid are 3.27 and 4.77 respectively at T (K). The correct option for the pH of dimethylammonium acetate solution is:

1. 7.75
2. 6.25
3. 8.50
4. 5.50

**74** The molar conductance of NaCl, HCl, and  $\text{CH}_3\text{COONa}$  at infinite dilution are 126.45, 426.16, and  $91.0 \text{ S cm mol}^{-1}$  respectively. The molar conductance of  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$  at infinite dilution will be:

1.  $698.28 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
2.  $540.48 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
3.  $201.28 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
4.  $390.71 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$

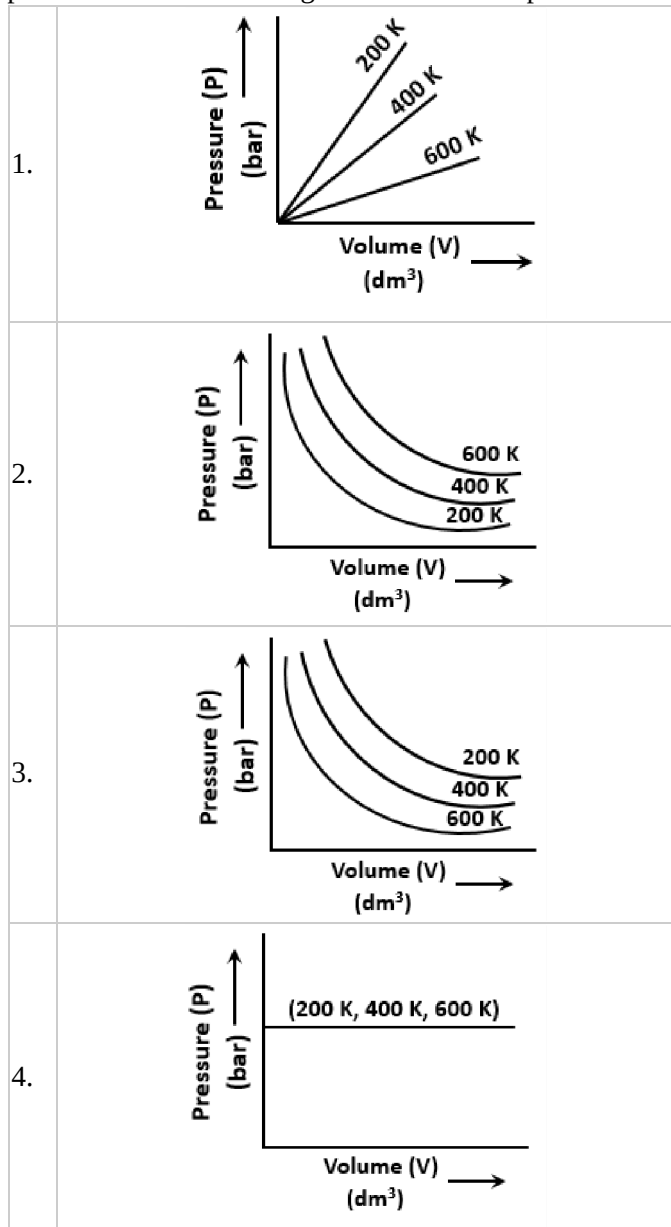
**75** The right option for the statement "Tyndall effect is exhibited by", is:

1. Starch solution
2. Urea solution
3. NaCl solution
4. Glucose solution

**76** The correct option for the number of body centred unit cells in all 14 types of Bravais lattice unit cells is :

1. 2
2. 3
3. 7
4. 5

**77** Choose the correct option for graphical representation of Boyle's law, which shows a graph of pressure vs. volume of a gas at different temperatures :



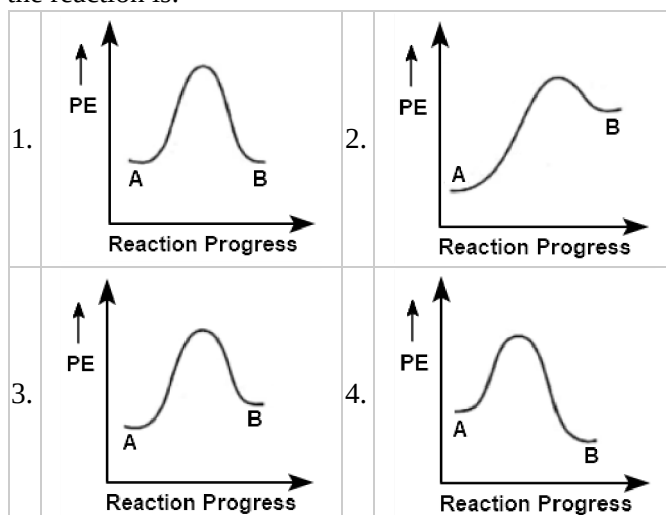
**78** The incorrect statement among the following is:

1. Lanthanoids are good conductors of heat and electricity.
2. Actinoids are highly reactive metals, especially when finely divided.
3. Actinoid contraction is greater for element to element than Lanthanoid contraction.
4. Most of the trivalent Lanthanoid ions are colorless in the solid-state.

**79** Which of the following is incorrect regarding noble gases?

1. Noble gases have weak dispersion forces.
2. Noble gases have large positive values of electron gain enthalpy.
3. Noble gases are sparingly soluble in water.
4. Noble gases have very high melting and boiling points.

**80** For a reaction  $A \rightarrow B$ , enthalpy of reaction is  $-4.2 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  and enthalpy of activation is  $9.6 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ . The correct potential energy profile for the reaction is:



**81** Among the following alkaline earth metal halides, the one which is covalent and soluble in organic solvents is:

1. Magnesium chloride
2. Beryllium chloride
3. Calcium chloride
4. Strontium chloride

**82** The maximum temperature that can be achieved in blast furnace is :

1. Upto 1900 K
2. Upto 5000 K
3. Upto 1200 K
4. Upto 2200 K

**83** Based on the statements below:

- I: Aspirin and Paracetamol belong to the class of narcotic analgesics.  
 II: Morphine and Heroin are non-narcotic analgesics.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- I is correct but II is false.
- I is incorrect but II is true.
- Both I and II are true.
- Both I and II are false.

**84** The structures of beryllium chloride in solid-state, and vapour state are :

- Dimer, and Linear, respectively.
- Chain in both.
- Chain, and dimer, respectively.
- Linear in both.

**85** A particular station of All India Radio, New Delhi, broadcasts on a frequency of 1,368 kHz (kilohertz). The wavelength of the electromagnetic radiation emitted by the transmitter is : [speed of light,  $c = 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ ]

- 2192 m
- 21.92 cm
- 219.3 m
- 219.2 m

## CHEMISTRY - SECTION B

**86** In which one of the following arrangements the given sequence is not strictly according to the properties indicated against it?

1.	$\text{NH}_3 < \text{PH}_3 < \text{AsH}_3 < \text{SbH}_3$	Increasing acidic character
2.	$\text{CO}_2 < \text{SiO}_2 < \text{SnO}_2 < \text{PbO}_2$	Increasing oxidizing power
3.	$\text{HF} < \text{HCl} < \text{HBr} < \text{HI}$	Increasing acidic strength
4.	$\text{H}_2\text{O} < \text{H}_2\text{S} < \text{H}_2\text{Se} < \text{H}_2\text{Te}$	Increasing $\text{pK}_a$ values

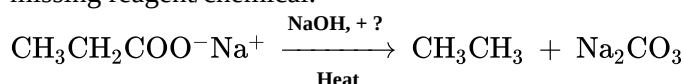
**87** For irreversible expansion of an ideal gas under isothermal condition, the correct option is :

- $\Delta U = 0$ ,  $\Delta S_{\text{total}} \neq 0$
- $\Delta U \neq 0$ ,  $\Delta S_{\text{total}} = 0$
- $\Delta U = 0$ ,  $\Delta S_{\text{total}} = 0$
- $\Delta U \neq 0$ ,  $\Delta S_{\text{total}} \neq 0$

**88** From the following pairs of ions which one is not an iso-electronic pair?

- $\text{Mn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$
- $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$
- $\text{O}^{2-}$ ,  $\text{F}^-$
- $\text{Na}^+$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$

**89** Consider the below reaction and identify the missing reagent/chemical.



- CaO
- DIBAL-H
- $\text{B}_2\text{H}_6$
- Red Phosphorus

**90** The non-polar molecule among the following is-

- $\text{SbCl}_5$
- $\text{NO}_2$
- $\text{POCl}_3$
- $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$

**91** Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(a) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$	(i) 5.92 BM
(b) $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$	(ii) 0 BM
(c) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$	(iii) 4.90 BM
(d) $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$	(iv) 1.73 BM

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

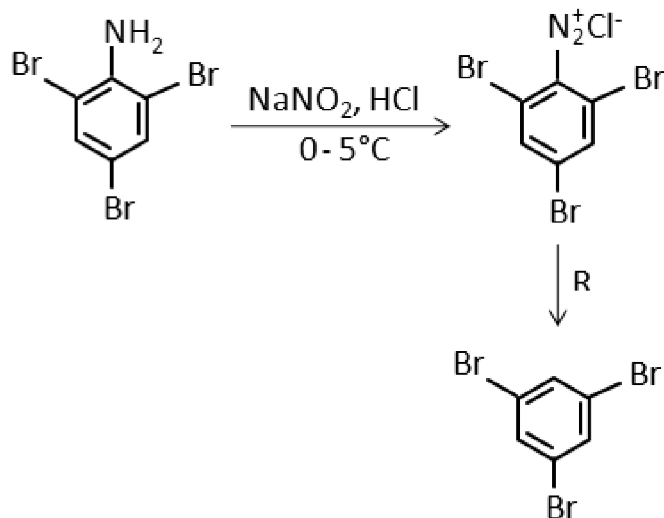
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)
2.	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
3.	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
4.	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)

**92** The correct option for the value of vapour pressure of a solution at  $45^\circ\text{C}$  with benzene to octane in a molar ratio 3:2 is :

[At  $45^\circ\text{C}$  vapour pressure of benzene is 280 mm Hg and that of octane is 420 mm Hg. Assume Ideal gas]

- 336 mm of Hg
- 350 mm of Hg
- 160 mm of Hg
- 168 mm of Hg

**93** The reagent 'R' in the given sequence of a chemical reaction is :



1. HI
2. CuCN/KCN
3. H<sub>2</sub>O
4. CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH

**94** Match List-I with List-II.

	List-I		List-II
(a)	$\xrightarrow[\text{Anhyd. AlCl}_3/\text{CuCl}]{\text{CO, HCl}}$	(i)	Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction
(b)	$\text{R}-\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}{\text{C}}-\text{CH}_3 + \text{NaOX}$	(ii)	Gattermann-Koch reaction
(c)	$\text{R}-\overset{\text{H}_2}{\underset{\text{+ RCOOH}}{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{Conc. H}_2\text{SO}_4}$	(iii)	Haloform reaction
(d)	$\text{R}-\overset{\text{H}_2}{\text{C}}-\text{COOH} \xrightarrow[2. \text{H}_2\text{O}]{1. \text{X}_2/\text{Red P}}$	(iv)	Esterification

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
2.	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
3.	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
4.	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)

**95** The molar conductivity of 0.007 M acetic acid is 20 S cm<sup>2</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>. The dissociation constant of acetic acid is -

$$(\Lambda_{\text{H}^+}^\circ = 350 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1})$$

$$(\Lambda_{\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-}^\circ = 50 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1})$$

1.  $1.75 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
2.  $2.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
3.  $1.75 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
4.  $2.50 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$

**96** The correct option for the total pressure (in atm) in a mixture of 4 g O<sub>2</sub> and 2 g H<sub>2</sub> confined in a total volume of one litre at 0°C is :

$$[\text{Given } R=0.082 \text{ L atm mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}, T=273 \text{ K}]$$

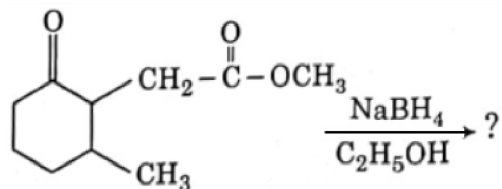
1. 25.18
2. 26.02
3. 2.518
4. 2.602

**97** The slope of Arrhenius Plot ( $\ln k$  v/s  $\frac{1}{T}$ ) of the first-order reaction is  $-5 \times 10^3 \text{ K}$ . The value of E<sub>a</sub> of the reaction is-

$$[\text{Given } R = 8.314 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}]$$

1. 166 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
2. -83 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
3. 41.5 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
4. 83.0 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>

**98** The product formed in the following chemical reaction is :



1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

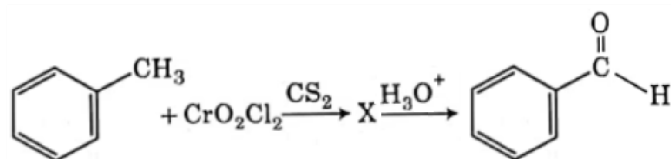
**99** Match List-1 with List-II

List-I	List-II
(a) $2\text{SO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{SO}_3(\text{g})$	(i) Acid rain
(b) $\text{HOCl}(\text{g}) \xrightarrow{h\nu} \dot{\text{O}}\text{H} + \dot{\text{Cl}}$	(ii) Smog
(c) $\text{CaCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{CaSO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$	(iii) Ozone depletion
(d) $\text{NO}_2(\text{g}) \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO}(\text{g}) + \text{O}(\text{g})$	(iv) Tropospheric pollution

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
2.	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
3.	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
4.	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

**100** The intermediate compound 'X' in the following chemical reaction is :



1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

## **BIOLOGY - 1 - SECTION A**

**101** When the centromere is situated in the middle of two equal arms of chromosomes, the chromosome is referred as :

1. Sub-metacentric
2. Acrocentric
3. Metacentric
4. Telocentric

**102** In the equation  $GPP - R = NPP$ , R represents:

1. Environment factor
2. Respiration losses
3. Radiant energy
4. Retardation factor

**103** Match List I with List II

List - I	List - II
a) Cells with active cell division capacity	(i) Vascular tissues
(b) Tissue having all cells similar in structure and function	(ii) Meristematic tissue
(c) Tissue having different types of cells	(iii) Sclereids
(d) Dead cells with highly thickened walls and narrow lumen	(iv) Simple tissue

Select the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
1. (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
  2. (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
  3. (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
  4. (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

**104** Which of the following stages of meiosis involves division of centromere?

- (1) Anaphase II
- (2) Telophase II
- (3) Metaphase I
- (4) Metaphase II

**105** Match List - I with List - II

List -I	List - II
(a) Cristae	(i) Primary constriction in chromosome
(b) Thylakoids	(ii) Disc-shaped sacs in Golgi apparatus
(c) Centromere	(iii) Infoldings in mitochondria
(d) Cisternae	(iv) Flattened membranous sacs in stroma of plastids

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
2.	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
3.	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
4.	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)

**106** Diadelphous stamens are found in:

- (1) Pea
- (2) China rose and citrus
- (3) China rose
- (4) *Citrus*



**107** The term used for transfer of pollen grains from anthers of one plant to stigma of a different plant which during pollination, brings genetically different types of pollen grains to stigma, is:

1. Chasmogamy	2. Cleistogamy
3. Xenogamy	4. Geitonogamy

**108** The plant hormone used to destroy weeds in a field is:

1. 2, 4-D
2. IBA
3. IAA
4. NAA

**109** Which of the following algae contains mannitol as reserve food material?

- (1) *Volvox*
- (2) *Ulothrix*
- (3) *Ectocarpus*
- (4) *Gracilaria*

**110** DNA strands on a gel, stained with ethidium bromide, when viewed under UV radiation, appear as:

1. Dark red bands
2. Bright blue bands
3. Yellow bands
4. Bright orange bands

**111** Which of the following are not secondary metabolites in plants?

- (1) Vinblastin, curcumin
- (2) Rubber, gums
- (3) Morphine, codeine
- (4) Amino acids, glucose

**112** In spite of interspecific competition in nature, which mechanism the competing species might have evolved for their survival?

1. Mutualism
2. Predation
3. Resource partitioning
4. Competitive release

**113** Amensalism can be represented as:

- (1) Species A (-) : Species B (-)
- (2) Species A (+) : Species B (0)
- (3) Species A (-) : Species B (0)
- (4) Species A (+) : Species B (+)

**114** A typical angiosperm embryo sac at maturity is:

1. 7-nucleate and 7-celled
2. 8-nucleate and 8-celled
3. 8-nucleate and 7-celled
4. 7-nucleate and 8-celled

**115** The first stable product of CO<sub>2</sub> fixation in sorghum is:

- (1) Succinic acid
- (2) Phosphoglyceric acid
- (3) Pyruvic acid
- (4) Oxaloacetic acid

**116** Plants follow different pathways in response to environment or phases of life to form different kinds of structures. This ability is called:

1. Plasticity
2. Maturity
3. Elasticity
4. Flexibility

**117** Match List - I with List - II

List - I	List - II
(a) Protoplast fusion	(i) Totipotency
(b) Plant tissue culture	(ii) Pomato
(c) Meristem culture	(iii) Somaclones
(d) Micropropagation	(iv) Virus free plants

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
2.	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
3.	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
4.	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

**118** Which of the following is not an application of PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?

1. Purification of isolated protein
2. Detection of gene mutation
3. Molecular diagnosis
4. Gene amplification

**119** Which of the following algae produce Carrageen?

- (1) Red algae
- (2) Blue-green algae
- (3) Green algae
- (4) Brown algae

**120** The production of gametes by the parents, formation of zygotes, the  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  plants, can be understood from a diagram called:

- (1) Punnett square
- (2) Net square
- (3) Bullet square
- (4) Punch square

**121** Which of the following is an incorrect statement?

1. The perinuclear space forms a barrier between the materials present inside the nucleus and that of the cytoplasm.
2. Nuclear pores act as passages for proteins and RNA molecules in both directions between nucleus and cytoplasm.
3. Mature sieve tube elements possess a conspicuous nucleus and usual cytoplasmic organelles.
4. Microbodies are present both in plant and animal cells.

**122** Gemmae are present in:

- (1) Some Gymnosperms
- (2) Some Liverworts
- (3) Mosses
- (4) Pteridophytes

**123** Complete the flow chart on central dogma

(a)

DNA

$\xrightarrow{(b)} mRNA \xrightarrow{(c)} (d)$

- (1) (a) - Replication; (b) - Transcription; (c) - Translation; (d) - Protein
- (2) (a) - Transduction; (b) - Translation; (c) - Replication; (d) - Protein
- (3) (a) - Replication; (b) - Transcription; (c) - Transduction; (d) - Protein
- (4) (a) - Transcription; (b) - Replication; (c) - Transcription; (d) - Transduction

**124** Which of the following is a correct sequence of steps in a PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?

- (1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
- (2) Annealing, Denaturation, Extension
- (3) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
- (4) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing

**125** During the purification process for recombinant DNA technology, addition of chilled ethanol precipitates out:

- (1) Histones
- (2) Polysaccharides
- (3) RNA
- (4) DNA

**126** Mutations in plant cells can be induced by:

1. Gamma rays
2. Zeatin
3. Kinetin
4. Infrared rays

**127** Which of the following statements is not correct?

1. Pyramid of energy is always upright.
2. Pyramid of numbers in a grassland ecosystem is upright.
3. Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally inverted.
4. Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally upright.

**128** Match List-I with List-II.

List -I	List-II
(a) Lenticels	(i) Phellogen
(b) Cork cambium	(ii) Suberin deposition
(c) Secondary cortex	(iii) Exchange of gases
(d) Cork	(iv) Phelloderm

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
1. (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
2. (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
3. (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
4. (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

**129** The site of perception of light in plants during photoperiodism is:

1. Axillary bud
2. Leaf
3. Shoot apex
4. Stem

**130** The factor that leads to Founder effect in a population is:

1. Mutation
2. Genetic drift
3. Natural selection
4. Genetic recombination

**131** The amount of nutrients, such as carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, and calcium present in the soil at any given time, is referred to as:

1. Standing state
2. Standing crop
3. Climax
4. Climax community

**132** Match List - I with List-II.

List-I	List-II
(a) Cohesion	(i) More attraction in liquid phase
(b) Adhesion	(ii) Mutual attraction among water molecules
(c) Surface tension	(iii) Water loss in liquid phase
(d) Guttation	(iv) Attraction towards polar surfaces

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

**133** When gene targetting involving gene amplification is attempted in an individual's tissue to treat disease, it is known as:

1. Molecular diagnosis
2. Safety testing
3. Biopiracy
4. Gene therapy

**134** Genera like *Selaginella* and *Salvinia* produce two kinds of spores. Such plants are known as

1. Homosporous
2. Heterosporous
3. Homosorus
4. Heterosorus

**135** Which of the following plants is monoecious?

1. *Marchantia polymorpha*
2. *Cycas circinalis*
3. *Carica papaya*
4. *Chara*

## BIOLOGY - 1 - SECTION B

**136** What is the role of RNA polymerase III in the process of transcription in eukaryotes?

1. Transcribes precursor of mRNA
2. Transcribes only snRNAs
3. Transcribes rRNAs (28S, 18S and 5.8S)
4. Transcribes tRNA, 5s rRNA and snRNA

**137** Which of the following statements is correct?

1. Organisms that depend on living plants are called saprophytes.
2. Some of the organisms can fix atmospheric nitrogen in specialized cells called sheath cells.
3. The fusion of two cells is called Karyogamy.
4. Fusion of protoplasts between two motile or non-motile gametes is called plasmogamy.

**138** Match Column-I with Column- II.

Column I	Column II
(a) <i>Nitrococcus</i>	(i) Denitrification
(b) <i>Rhizobium</i>	(ii) Conversion of ammonia to nitrite
(c) <i>Thiobacillus</i>	(iii) Conversion of nitrite to nitrate
(a) Nitrobacter	(iv) Conversion of atmospheric nitrogen to ammonia

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

**139** Plasmid pBR322 has a PstI restriction enzyme site within gene  $\text{amp}^R$  that confers ampicillin resistance. If this enzyme is used for inserting a gene for  $\beta$ -galactoside production and the recombinant plasmid is inserted in an E.coli strain,

1. it will lead to the lysis of host cells.
2. it will be able to produce a novel protein with dual abilities.
3. it will not be able to confer ampicillin resistance to the host cell.
4. the transformed cells will have the ability to resist ampicillin as well as produce  $\beta$ -galactoside.

**140** Match Column I with Column II

Column I	Column II
(a) $\% \text{K}_{(5)} \text{C}_{1+2+(2)} \text{A}_{(9)+1} \underline{\text{G}}_1$ (i)	Brassicaceae
(b) $\oplus \text{K}_{(5)} \text{C}_{(5)} \text{A}_5 \underline{\text{G}}_2$ (ii)	Liliaceae
(c) $\oplus \text{P}_{(3+3)} \text{A}_{3+3} \underline{\text{G}}_{(3)}$ (iii)	Fabaceae
(d) $\oplus \text{K}_{2+2} \text{C}_4 \text{A}_{2-4} \underline{\text{G}}_{(2)}$ (iv)	Solanaceae

Select the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
2.	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
3.	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
4.	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

**141** Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- ATP is synthesized through complex V.
- Oxidation-reduction reactions produce a proton gradient in respiration.
- During aerobic respiration, the role of oxygen is limited to the terminal stage.
- In ETC (Electron Transport Chain), one molecule of  $\text{NADH} + \text{H}^+$  gives rise to 2 ATP molecules, and one  $\text{FADH}_2$  gives rise to 3 ATP molecules.

**142** Match List -I with List - II.

List-I	List-II
(a) Protein	I. C-C double bonds
(b) Unsaturated fatty acid	II. Phosphodiester bonds
(c) Nucleic acid	III. Glycosidic bonds
(d) Polysaccharides	IV. Peptide bonds

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
  - (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
  - (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
  - (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)

**143** DNA fingerprinting involves identifying differences in some specific regions in DNA sequence called:

- Single nucleotides
- Polymorphic DNA
- Satellite DNA
- Repetitive DNA

**144** Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(a) S phase	I. Proteins are synthesized
(b) $\text{G}_2$ phase	II. Inactive phase
(c) Quiescent stage	III. Interval between mitosis and initiation of DNA replication
(d) $\text{G}_1$ phase	IV. DNA replication

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
  - (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
  - (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
  - (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)

**145** Identify the correct statement:

1.	The coding strand in a transcription unit is copied to an mRNA.
2.	Split gene arrangement is characteristic of prokaryotes.
3.	In capping, methylguanosine triphosphate is added to the 3' end of hnRNA.
4.	RNA polymerase binds with the Rho factor to terminate the process of transcription in bacteria.

**146** Select the correct pair.

- Cells of medullary rays that form part of a cambial ring - Interfascicular cambium
- Loose parenchyma cells rupturing the epidermis and forming a lens-shaped opening in the bark - Spongy parenchyma
- Large colorless empty cells in the epidermis of grass leaves - Subsidiary cells
- In dicot leaves, vascular bundles are surrounded by large thick-walled cells - Conjunctive tissue

**147** Which of the following statements is incorrect?

1. Grana lamellae have both PSI and PS II.
2. Cyclic photophosphorylation involves both PS I and PS II.
3. Both ATP and  $\text{NADPH} + \text{H}^+$  are non-cyclic synthesized during photophosphorylation.
4. Stroma lamellae have PS I only and lack NADP reductase.

**148** Nowadays, it is possible to detect the mutated gene causing cancer by allowing the radioactive probe to hybridise its complementary DNA in clone of cells, followed by its detection using autoradiography because:

1. mutated gene does not appear on a photographic film as the probe has no complementarity with it.
2. mutated gene does not appear on a photographic film as the probe has complementarity with it.
3. mutated gene partially appears on a photographic film.
4. mutated gene completely and clearly appears on a photographic film.

**149** In the exponential growth equation  $N_t = N_0 e^{rt}$ ,  $e$  represents :

1. The base of natural logarithms
2. The base of geometric logarithms
3. The base of number logarithms
4. The base of exponential logarithms

**150** In some members of which of the following pairs of families, pollen grains retain their viability for months after release?

1. Poaceae; Solanaceae
2. Rosaceae; Leguminosae
3. Poaceae; Rosaceae
4. Poaceae; Leguminosae

## BIOLOGY - 2 - SECTION A

**151** Match List - I with List - II

List - I	List - II
(a) <i>Aspergillus Niger</i>	(i) Acetic Acid
(b) <i>Acetobacter aceti</i>	(ii) Lactic Acid
(c) <i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(iii) Citric Acid
(d) <i>Lactobacillus</i>	(iv) Butyric Acid

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

**152** If Adenine makes 30% of the DNA molecule, what will be the percentage of Thymine, Guanine and Cytosine in it?

1. T:30 ; G:20 ; C:20
2. T:20 ; G:25 ; C:25
3. T:20 ; G:30 ; C:20
4. T:20 ; G:20 ; C:30

**153** Which one of the following is an example of Hormone releasing IUD?

1. Cu 7
2. Multiload 375
3. CuT
4. LNG 20

**154** Which one of the following characteristic is incorrect with respect to cockroach?

1. In females, 7<sup>th</sup> - 9<sup>th</sup> sterna together form a genital pouch.
2. 10<sup>th</sup> abdominal segment in both sexes, bears a pair of anal cerci.
3. A ring of gastric caeca is present at the junction of midgut and hind gut.
4. Hypopharynx lies within the cavity enclosed by the mouth parts.

**155** Identify the incorrect pair.

1. Lectins - Concanavalin A
2. Drugs - Ricin
3. Alkaloids - Codeine
4. Toxin - Abrin

**156** Venereal diseases can spread through:

- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| (a) | Using sterile needles                        |
| (b) | Transfusion of blood from an infected person |
| (c) | Infected mother to foetus                    |
| (d) | Kissing                                      |
| (e) | Inheritance                                  |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (b) and (c) only
- (a) and (c) only
- (a), (b), and (c)
- (b), (c), and (d)

**157** Chronic auto immune disorder affecting neuro muscular junction leading to fatigue, weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle is called as:

- (1) Myasthenia gravis
- (2) Gout
- (3) Arthritis
- (4) Muscular dystrophy

**158** With regard to insulin, choose the correct options:

- |    |  |
|----|--|
| a. | C-peptide is not present in mature insulin.                                  |
| b. | The insulin produced by rDNA technology has C-peptide.                       |
| c. | The pro-insulin has C-peptide.   |
| d. | A-peptide and B-peptide of insulin are interconnected by disulphide bridges. |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a), (c) and (d) only
- (2) (a) and (d) Only
- (3) (b) and (d) only
- (4) (b) and (c) only

**159** Which of the following statements wrongly represents the nature of smooth muscle?

- (1) Communication among the cells is performed by intercalated discs
- (2) These muscles are present in the wall of blood vessels
- (3) These muscle have no striations
- (4) They are involuntary muscles

**160** The centriole undergoes duplication during:

- (1) Metaphase
- (2) G<sub>2</sub> phase
- (3) S-phase
- (4) Prophase

**161** Dobson units are used to measure thickness of:

1. Ozone
2. Troposphere
3. CFCs
4. Stratosphere

**162** The organelles that are included in the endomembrane system are:

- (1) Golgi complex, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
- (2) Golgi complex, Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria and Lysosomes
- (3) Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
- (4) Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi complex, Lysosomes and Vacuoles

**163** Which of the following RNAs is not required for the synthesis of protein?

1. rRNA
2. siRNA
3. mRNA
4. tRNA

**164** Match List - I with List - II

List - I	List - II
(a) Metamerism	(i) Coelenterata
(b) Canal system	(ii) Ctenophora
(c) Comb Plates	(iii) Annelida
(d) Cnidoblasts	(iv) Porifera

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- |           |       |      |       |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| (a)       | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
| (1) (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)   |
| (2) (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) | (iii) |
| (3) (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  | (ii)  |
| (4) (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  | (ii)  |

**165** Which stage of meiotic prophase shows terminalisation of chiasmata as its distinctive feature?

- (1) Diakinesis
- (2) Pachytene
- (3) Leptotene
- (4) Zygotene

**166** Persons with 'AB' blood group are called as "Universal recipients". This is due to:

- (1) Presence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, on RBCs
- (2) Absence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, in plasma
- (3) Absence of antigens A and B on the surface of RBCs
- (4) Absence of antigens A and B in plasma

**167** The partial pressures (in mm Hg) of oxygen ( $O_2$ ) and carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ) at alveoli (the site of diffusion) are :

1.  $pO_2=95$  and  $pCO_2 = 40$
2.  $pO_2 = 159$  and  $pCO_2 =0.3$
3.  $pO_2 = 104$  and  $pCO_2=40$
4.  $pO_2 = 40$  and  $pCO_2=45$

**168** Succus entericus is referred to as:

1. Gastric juice
2. Chyme
3. Pancreatic juice
4. Intestinal juice

**169** Receptors for sperm binding in mammals are present on:

1. Perivitelline space
2. Zona pellucida
3. Corona Radiata
4. Vitelline membrane

**170** Match the following

List-I	List-II
(a) <i>Physalia</i>	I. Pearl oyster
(b) <i>Limulus</i>	II. Portuguese Man of War
(c) <i>Ancylostoma</i>	III. Living fossil
(d) <i>Pinctada</i>	IV. Hookworm

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
1. (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
  2. (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
  3. (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
  4. (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)

**171** In a cross between a male and female, both heterozygous for sickle cell anaemia gene, what percentage of the progeny will be diseased?

1. 25%
2. 100%
3. 50%
4. 75%

**172** Read the following statements.

- (a) Metagenesis is observed in Helminths.
- (b) Echinoderms are triploblastic and coelomate animals.
- (c) Round worms have organ-system level of body organization
- (d) Comb plates present in ctenophores help in digestion.
- (e) Water vascular system is characteristic of Echinoderms.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

1. (a), (d) and (e) are correct
2. (b), (c) and (e) are correct
3. (c), (d) and (e) are correct
4. (a), (b) and (c) are correct

**173** Sphincter of Oddi is present at :

1. Gastro-oesophageal junction
2. Junction of jejunum and duodenum
3. Ileo-caecal junction
4. Junction of hepato-pancreatic duct and duodenum

**174** Which enzyme is responsible for the conversion of inactive fibrinogens to fibrins?

1. Epinephrine
2. Thrombokinase
3. Thrombin
4. Renin

**175** Which one of the following belongs to the family Muscidae?

1. Cockroach
2. House fly
3. Fire fly
4. Grasshopper

**176** The fruit fly has 8 chromosomes ( $2n$ ) in each cell. During the interphase of Mitosis if the number of chromosomes at  $G_1$  phase is 8, what would be the number of chromosomes after the S phase?

1. 4
2. 32
3. 8
4. 16

**177** Which of the following is not an objective of Biofortification in crops?

1. Improve vitamin content
2. Improve micronutrient and mineral content
3. Improve protein content
4. Improve resistance to diseases

**178** A specific recognition sequence identified by endonucleases to make cuts at specific positions within the DNA is:

1. Palindromic Nucleotide sequences
2. Poly(A) tail sequences
3. Degenerate primer sequence
4. Okazaki sequences

**179** Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(a) Vaults	I. Entry of sperm through the Cervix is blocked
(b) IUDs	II. Removal of Vas deferens
(c) Vasectomy	III. Phagocytosis of sperms within the Uterus
(d) Tubectomy	IV. Removal of the fallopian tube

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
2.	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
3.	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
4.	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)

**180** For effective treatment of the disease, early diagnosis and understanding of its pathophysiology is very important. Which of the following molecular diagnostic techniques is very useful for early detection?

1. ELISA Technique
2. Hybridization Technique
3. Western Blotting Technique
4. Southern Blotting Technique

**181** Select the favorable conditions required for the formation of oxyhemoglobin at the alveoli.

1. High  $pO_2$ , high  $pCO_2$ , less  $H^+$ , higher temperature
2. Low  $pO_2$ , low  $pCO_2$ , more  $H^+$ , higher temperature
3. High  $pO_2$ , low  $pCO_2$ , less  $H^+$ , lower temperature
4. Low  $pO_2$  high  $pCO_2$  more  $H^+$ , higher temperature

**182** During the process of gene amplification using PCR, if a very high temperature is not maintained in the beginning, then which of the following PCR will be affected first?

1.	Denaturation	2.	Ligation
3.	Annealing	4.	Extension

**183** Which is the "Only enzyme" that has the "Capability" to catalyze Initiation, Elongation, and Termination in the process of transcription in prokaryotes?

1. DNA Ligase
2. DNase
3. DNA-dependent DNA polymerase
4. DNA-dependent RNA polymerase

**184** Which one of the following organisms bears hollow and pneumatic long bones?

1. *Macropus*
2. *Ornithorhynchus*
3. *Neophron*
4. *Hemidactylus*

**185** Erythropoietin, hormone which stimulates R.B.C. formation, is produced by:

1. The cells of bone marrow
2. Juxtaglomerular cells of the kidney
3. Alpha cells of the pancreas
4. The cells of the rostral adenohypophysis

## **BIOLOGY - 2 - SECTION B**

**186** Which of the following secretes the hormone, relaxin, during the later phase of pregnancy?

1. Foetus
2. Uterus
3. Graafian follicle
4. Corpus luteum

**187** The Adenosine deaminase deficiency results into:

1. Digestive disorder
2. Addison's disease
3. Dysfunction of Immune system
4. Parkinson's disease



**188** Which of these is not an important component of initiation of parturition in humans?

1. Release of oxytocin
2. Release of prolactin
3. Increase in estrogen and progesterone ratio
4. Synthesis of prostaglandins

**189** Which one of the following statements about Histones is wrong?

1. Histones are rich in amino acids - Lysine and Arginine.
2. Histones carry a positive charge in the side chain.
3. Histones are organized to form a unit of 8 molecules.
4. The pH of histones is slightly acidic.

**190**

Statement I:	The codon AUG' codes for methionine and phenylalanine.
Statement II:	AAA' and 'AAG are both codons that code for the amino acid lysine.

In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. Statement I is correct but Statement II is false.
2. Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true.
3. Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
4. Both Statement I and Statement II are false.

**191** Following are the statements with reference to 'lipids'.

- (a) Lipids having only single bonds are called unsaturated fatty acids.
- (b) Lecithin is a phospholipid.
- (c) Trihydroxy propane is glycerol.
- (d) Palmitic acid has 20 carbon atoms including carboxyl carbon.
- (e) Arachidonic acid has 16 carbon atoms.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

1. (b) and (c) only
2. (b) and (e) only
3. (a) and (b) only
4. (c) and (d) only

**192** Following are the statements about prostomium of earthworm.

- (a) It serves as a covering for mouth.
- (b) It helps to open cracks in the soil into which it can crawl.
- (c) It is one of the sensory structures.
- (d) It is the first body segment.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

1. (a), (b), (c) and (d) are correct
2. (b) and (c) are correct
3. (a), (b) and (c) are correct
4. (a), (b) and (d) are correct

**193** Which of the following is not a step in Multiple Ovulation Embryo Transfer Technology (MOET)?

1. Cow is fertilized by artificial insemination
2. Fertilized eggs are transferred to surrogate mothers at 8-32 cell stage
3. Cow is administered hormone having LH like activity for superovulation
4. Cow yields about 6-8 eggs at a time

**194** Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(a) Allen's Rule	(i) Kangaroo rat
(b) Physiological adaptation	(ii) Desert lizard
(c) Behavioural adaptation	(iii) Marine fish at depth
(d) Biochemical adaptation	(iv) Polar seal

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
2.	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
3.	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
4.	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)

**195** Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(a) Scapula	(i) Cartilaginous joints
(b) Cranium	(ii) Flat bone
(c) Sternum	(iii) Fibrous joints
(d) Vertebral column	(iv) Triangular flat bone

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
2.	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
3.	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
4.	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

**196** Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

<b>Assertion (A):</b>	A person goes to high altitude and experiences 'altitude sickness' with symptoms like breathing difficulty and heart palpitations.
<b>Reason (R):</b>	Due to low atmospheric pressure at high altitudes, the body does not get sufficient oxygen.

In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

1.	(A) is true but (R) is false.
2.	(A) is false but (R) is true.
3.	Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
4.	Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

**197** Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(a) Filariasis	(i) <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>
(b) Amoebiasis	(ii) <i>Trichophyton</i>
(c) Pneumonia	(iii) <i>Wuchereria bancrofti</i>
(d) Ringworm	(iv) <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i>

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
2.	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
3.	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
4.	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

**198** Identify the types of cell junctions that help to stop the leakage of the substances across a tissue and facilitation of communication with neighbouring cells via rapid transfer of ions and molecules.

1. Adhering junctions and Tight junctions, respectively.
2. Adhering junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
3. Gap junctions and Adhering junctions, respectively.
4. Tight junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.

**199** During muscular contraction which of the following events occur?

- (a) 'H' zone disappears
  - (b) 'A' band widens
  - (c) 'T' band reduces in width
  - (d) Myosin hydrolyzes ATP, releasing the ADP and Pi
  - (e) Z-lines attached to actins are pulled inwards
- Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

1. (b), (c), (d), (e) only
2. (b), (d), (e), (a) only
3. (a), (c), (d), (e) only
4. (a), (b), (c), (d) only

**200** Match List-I with List-II:

List-I	List-II
(a) Adaptive radiation	(i) Selection of resistant varieties due to excessive use of herbicides and pesticides
(b) Convergent evolution	(ii) Bones of forelimbs in Man and Whale
(c) Divergent evolution	(iii) Wings of Butterfly and Bird
(d) Evolution by anthropogenic action	(iv) Darwin Finches

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
2.	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
3.	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
4.	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)

